CATTO'S WHISKY.
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LEADING BARS, HOTELS
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All Wine Merchants.

The Bombay Gazette

No. 52,949—New Series. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1903. PRICE 4 ANNAS.

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THE INDIAN RAILWAY
TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.
The Best and Most Complete Guide in India.
Time and Fare Tables of all Indian Railways, Steam Boats, and Daks, Places of Interest Inland and along the Coast, Postal and Telegraphic Information, &c., &c.
COLOURED MAP OF INDIA.
"Bombay Gazette" Press, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.



DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE
WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.
SATURDAY 2 P.M.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	1903
M. L. MASSILIA	5011	G. W. Crokman.	22nd Aug.
*PENINSULAR	6294	A. G. Cubitt	29th "
M. L. EGYPT	7912	J. R. Landon	5th Sept.
*ORIENTAL	6284	E. Spicer	12th "
M. L. ARABIA	7903	T. Leigh	19th "
*PENINSULAR	6294	A. G. Cubitt	26th "
M. L. PERSIA	7951	W. A. Wheler	3rd Oct.
*ORIENTAL	6284	E. Spicer	10th "
M. L. CALEDONIA	7538	C. H. S Tocque,	17th "
*PENINSULAR	6294	A. G. Cubitt	24th "
M. L. MOLDAVIA	10003	E. H. Gordon	31st "

The Steamers marked M. L. proceed to Marseilles, Plymouth, and London, passengers for Brindisi transhipping at Port Said.
The steamers marked * proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transhipping there for Brindisi, Marseilles, Plymouth, or London.

HEAVY BAGGAGE must be sent to the BALLARD PIER on FRIDAY AFTERNOON the day previous to sailing, and CABIN BAGGAGE before 9 A.M. on SATURDAY. The attention of Passengers is called to the importance of having their Baggage labelled with Port of Destination.

Tenders leave the Ballard Pier on day of sailing. All Passengers must attend at that place between 12-30 P.M. and 1 P.M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port, and no one will be allowed on Board the Mail Steamer unless so examined, and conveyed thence in the Company's Steam Barges. Special attention is directed to these regulations, which are imperative under the Venice Convention.

Friends of passengers cannot go on Board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AND AUSTRALIA.

The Company's STEAMERS LEAVE BOMBAY FORTNIGHTLY, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the STRAITS, CHINA, and JAPAN, and Return-Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

Cargo Steamers are despatched to China at frequent intervals calling at Ports en route.

F. RITCHIE,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 12th August, 1903.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.



GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.,
BOMBAY.

PASSENGERS booked without charge, and on Favourable Terms. Berths carefully selected.
SLEEPING CAR and CONTINENTAL RAILWAY TICKETS procured.
RAILWAY OFFICIALS and MISSIONARIES booked at Reduced rates.
PASSAGES booked to ENGLAND via JAPAN and AMERICA, by the Canadian Pacific, Occidental and Oriental, and Pacific Mail Routes.
HANDBOOK giving Details of Fares, &c., and List of Sailings by all Lines sent free on application.
PASSENGERS met on arrival.
BAGGAGE shipped and cleared and Insurance effected covering all risks.
PACKAGES cleared or shipped.
CIRCULAR NOTES, BANK NOTES, DRAFTS and SOVEREIGNS at current rates.

Calcutta Agents,—GRINDLAY & Co.
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COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY.
ARMAND-BEHIC	6,635	Flandin	10th Sept. 1903.
*DUMBEA	4,807	Le Coispellier	8th Oct. 1903.
VILLE de la CIOTAT	6,630	Fiaschi	5th Nov. 1903.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the return voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's at Reduced Fares. This arrangement will prove, in some cases, of special advantage to Passengers on three months' privilege leave.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT,
AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

S. S. "VILLE de la CIOTAT" 6,630 tons, Captain Fiaschi, to sail on or about the 21st Aug., 1903.
For further particulars apply to
P. de BURE, Agent.
New Oriental Bank Buildings, 57, Esplanade Road, Bombay.



AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co,
UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH
THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT.

BOMBAY TO TRIESTE VIA ADEN, SUEZ, & PORT SAID.
DIRECT LINE,

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	P. Ivellich	4,119	1st Oct. 1903.

PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 600	Rs. 325	Rs. 150

ORDINARY LINE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
* † NIPPON		6,317	22nd Dec. 1903

* Will call at Karachi. † Will call at Fiume.

PASSAGE MONEY BY THIS ROUTE.

	Saloon.	Deck.
TO TRIESTE OR VENICE	Rs. 400	Rs. 150.

RETURN TICKETS TO TRIESTE AND VENICE AVAILABLE FOR ANY PERIOD WITHIN TWO YEARS.
1st Class Rs. 960. 2nd Class Rs. 483. Saloon Rs. 600.
THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.
1st and 2nd Class Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, and other Routes.
INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS WITH THE MESSAGERIES MARITIMES CO.
The Company are now in a position to issue RETURN TICKETS available for one way by the Austrian Lloyd's and the Return Voyage by the Messageries Maritimes Co., at reduced fares.
Passengers to VENICE tranship at TRIESTE to another steamer of the Company, which takes about 6 hours to cross the Gulf.

STEAM TO JAPAN, VIA COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	To sail on or about
FRANZ FERDINAND		6,046	23rd Aug. 1903.

For further particulars regarding Passages
Apply to E. SCARPA, Agent,
Sassoon House, 52, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.
(JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO.)



S. S. "KINSHIU MARU," Captain T. HARRISON, 2,854 Tons, WILL SAIL for SINGAPORE, CHINA, and JAPAN on 28th inst.

For Freight and Passage apply to
T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager.
Nayaut Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 18th August, 1903.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.
Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—



FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "DUMRA," 1,700 tons, on FRIDAY, the 21st Aug., at 2 p.m., or later, on arrival of the English Mail.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "KANGRA," 2,000 tons, on TUESDAY, the 25th Aug., at 10 a.m., calling (weather permitting) at Veraval, Mangrole, Porebender, Cutch Mandvi, Karachi, Gwadur, Muscat Bunder Abbas, Lingo, Bahrein, and Bushire, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR KURRACHEE, MUSCAT, BUSHIRE, AND BUSREH.

S. S. "KOLA," 1,200 tons, on THURSDAY, 27th August, at 10 a.m.

FOR MORMUGOA, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA DELAGOA BAY, AND DURBAN.

S. S. "NUDDEA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, the 25th August (with transhipment at Delagoa Bay to Company's Steamers for Inhambane, Chinde, Quilimane, and Mozambique.)

FOR PORBANDER, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, AND DURBAN.

S. S. "NERBUDDA," 3,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 8th Sept., (with transhipment at Durban to Company's Steamers for East London, Port Elizabeth, and Cape Town.)

FOR CALCUTTA VIA COAST.

S. S. "CHILKA," 2,000 tons, on or about TUESDAY, 25th August.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 20th August, 1903.

KING, KING & Co.,

BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.



PASSAGES engaged, and best available Berths secured, at Lowest Rates obtainable by P. & O., and all other Steamers, Free of Charge for Commission.
Latest List of Sailings, Fares, and full information furnished by return of post, on application.
Special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers travelling 2nd Class by P. & O.
Every Assistance rendered to Passengers on arrival in Bombay. Baggage taken over at the Railway Stations and Shipped.
Special Agents of the Firm meet all Steamers at Brindisi and Marseilles.
Packages of every description received for despatch as Cargo to Messrs. Henry S. King & Co., London; or Messrs. King, Baillie & Co., Liverpool. Freight and Marine Insurance at the Lowest Rates. Quotations furnished on Application.
~~KING, HAMILTON & CO.,~~
CALCUTTA.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.



PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning via Torres Straits booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.
For Freight, Passage, or other Particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.
Bombay, 20th August, 1903.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
FLORIO AND RUBATTINO UNITED COMPANIES.



BOMBAY to NAPLES and GENOA direct or BRINDISI and VENICE
(transhipping at PORT SAID).

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
D. BALDUINO	4,380	O. Canepa	15th Sept. 1903.
R. RUBATTINO	4,380	M. Saporiti	15th Oct. 1903.

RATES TO THE ABOVE PORTS INCLUSIVE OF WINE AND BEER.

	1st Class	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Single tickets	165. 000	Rs. 350	Rs. 150
Return tickets available 2 years	" 900	" 525	

Through and Return Tickets to LONDON on application. Through tickets to New York in connection at Naples or Genoa with the Company's weekly service. 1st Class, Rs. 840; 2nd Class, Rs. 540. Special Rates for Missionaries. Passengers for Europe have the option of going via Genoa and returning via Venice or vice versa, and can break their journey at any port en route.
BOMBAY TO SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
CAPRI	6,000	G. Belsito	17th Sept. 1903.
ISCHIA	6,000	D. Maganzini	17th Oct. 1903.

Excellent accommodation. SALOON Fares to SINGAPORE Rs. 165, and to HONGKONG Rs. 220.
F. CROCCO, Agent.
Esplanade Road, No. 27.

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE.
(GERMAN EAST AFRICA LINE.)
BOMBAY—AFRICA.



THE following Steamers will SAIL:—

Vessel.	Tons.	Capt.	To sail.
S. S. BUNDESRATH	2,035	Ahrens	2nd Sept.
S. S. SAFARI	1,432	Winicker	15th Sept.

Taking Passengers and Cargo for MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, and all Eastern and Southern Ports of AFRICA up to CAPE TOWN.
For Rates and Particulars apply to
A. STRANDES,
Agent.
24, Medow Street, Bombay, 6th August, 1903.

NEW TEAS. NEW TEAS.

TRY THE
MAY BLOSSOM.
THE
MAY BLOSSOM
TEAS
Are the Best in the Market, having been picked and blended by an Expert.
A CHOICE CUP OF TEA.
BE PUT OFF WITH NO OTHER,
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Apply early to
CROFT, MODY & Co.,
BOMBAY,
SOLE AGENTS.

Retail Agents.—Denison & Co., Hummum Street, Fort; S. P. Ghandy and Sons, Jumma Musjid, Market.

ARTISTIC WEDDING PRESENTS.

		Rs.	a.
762	Set of 4 Silver Salt Cellars, with Crystal Linings and four Silver Spoons; Louis XV Style, in case	48	0
1147	Twelve Silver Tea Spoons, with Tea Strainer and Sugar Tongs, in case	35	0
1192	Twelve Silver Tea Spoons, with Gilt Bowls, Tea Strainer and Sugar Tongs, in case	65	0
1194	Twelve Silver Ice Spoons with Gilt Bowls and Ice Cream Server, in case	82	0
1221	Silver Cream Jug and Sugar Basin, with Silver Tray, in case	100	0
1243	Set of six Silver Liqueur Beakers and Tray, ART NOUVEAU Style, in case	90	0
1245	Cut Glass Claret Jug with Silver Mounts, in case	85	0
1294	Silver Mounted Liqueur Decanter with six Plain Silver Beakers and Tray, in case	85	0
1796	Set of four Silver Bon Bon Dishes with two pairs of Silver Tongs, in case	75	0
1800	Silver Sugar Bowl with Crystal Lining and Silver Spoon, in case	75	0
27-415	Cut Glass Salad Bowl, with Chased and Pierced Silver Gold Gilt Rim, and Silver Gold Gilt Helpers, in case	135	0
28-475	Set of three Cut Glass Scent Bottles with Silver Tops, in Silver, Gold Gilt ART NOUVEAU Frame, in case	120	0

ALSO A CHOICE SELECTION OF OTHER ARTICLES SUITABLE FOR TABLE OR PERSONAL USE.
INSPECTION INVITED.
TERMS: CASH OR V. P. P.

WEST END WATCH COMPANY,

11, HORNBY ROAD,
OPPOSITE THE BOMBAY POST OFFICE.

POPULARITY

IS INVARIABLY A SURE PROOF
OF
EXCELLENCE
AND
~~THAT IS WHY~~

BAHADUR

CIGARS

ARE THE LEADING

BRAND OF INDIAN CIGARS

AND ENJOY A LARGER

SALE THAN ANY OTHER

BRAND.

WRITE FOR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

McDOWELL & CO., LD.,

MADRAS.

GOOD NILGIRI COFFEE.

DIRECT FROM THE CURING WORKS.

TRADE S. & CO. MARK

		Rs	a.
30 lbs.	Small Coffee delivered free at any Railway Station between Coimbatore and Bombay	11	0
3 1-lb. tins	Finest Ground Coffee, Red Ensign label, delivered free of all charges at any address in India—V. P. Post	3	0
6 1-lb. tins	do. do. do.	5	10

FOR FULL PARTICULARS OF WHOLE and GROUND COFFEE and TEA.
APPLY TO T. STANES & CO.,
COFFEE WORKS, COIMBATORE.

KNICKNACKS,

IN DAINTY AND SEASONABLE NOVELTIES
SUITABLE AS—
SOUVENIRS
BIRTHDAY PRESENTS
WEDDING PRESENTS
GYMKHANA PRIZES
ETC., ETC.

Extensive Assortments of Fancies suitable for Presentation Purposes in small Silver and Gold Ware may be seen in our SHOW ROOM. New Patterns are constantly added.

SPECIALITIES

HIGH CLASS DIAMOND WORK

NECKLACES	BROOCHES
PENDANTS	BRACELETS
TIARAS	RINGS

A Good Assortment always in Stock in Variety and Novelty in Design.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

MANUFACTURING JEWELLERS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

TO SHAREHOLDERS

AND THE
PUBLIC IN GENERAL.

MR. MAX MINCK, who is in South Africa inspecting his Durban Branch at present, will return by the latter end of October this year.
The Share List of the Proposed Firm of MAX MINCK & Co., Limited, will remain open up to the end of December 1903, when the Company will be duly registered after that date.
SHARES RS. 100 EACH.
Particulars, Application Forms and Prospectuses can be had from The SECRETARY to the Proposed Max Minck & Co., Ld.

MAX MINCK & CO.,

THE MALL, LAHORE.

BOMBAY GAZETTE

EXCHANGE STERLING TABLE.

NOW READY.
PRICE Rs. 2.

THE *Bombay Gazette* STERLING EXCHANGE TABLE, is a small neatly bound Book, covering all RATES in 32nds, both Sterling into Rupees and Rupees into Sterling, from 1s. 3 3-4d. to 1-4 23-32. The Book will, it is thought, supply a long-felt want, as since the stoppage of the free coinage of silver rates have varied well within those given both for demand and six month's Currency Bills, and the extensive and expensive tables in general use are now no longer required. The form adopted will also greatly facilitate the conversion of broken amounts.

WEDDING CAKES, Artistically Decorated and Almond Iced, made to any size, at Re. 1-8 per lb.
WEDDING CAKE ORNAMENTS, Each Ornament complete with Bouquet, from Rs. 5 to 25 each. (A large selection to choose from.)
WEDDING CAKE STANDS: Designs submitted and made to order
WEDDING CRACKERS, from Rs. 2 to Rs. 3-8 per box.
WEDDING FAVORS, (with Satin Ribbon and Flowers).
WEDDING FLAGS, White Silk, As. 12 and Re. 1 each.
WEDDING CAKE WREATHS, a beautiful assortment.
WEDDING CAKE BOXES, in four sizes, from Re. 1 per dozen.
CONFETTI, Etc. Etc. Etc.
AT

MONGINI BROTHERS,

MANUFACTURING CONFECTIONERS AND CATERERS,
25—27, CHURCH GATE STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.
TELEPHONE No. 325.

CUMMOO JAFFER SULLEMAN & Co.,
GIRGAUM, BOMBAY.

NEW and Second-hand English-built CARRIAGES, LANDAUS, BROUGHAMS, and VICTORIAS by well-known Makers FOR SALE.
CARRIAGE repairs of every description will be executed with prompt attention.
HOUSES Furnished with the latest styled, neat Furniture.
FURNITURE of the latest design FOR SALE and on HIRE, and also made to order.
CROCKERY, GLASS-WARE, and PLATED WARE, &c., FOR SALE and on HIRE.

A BOON TO MEN & WOMEN.

ATANK-NIGRAH PILLS.—A successful remedy based on most advanced and modern researches in the Ayurved, or Native Medical Science, for nervous diseases and physical debility, premature exhaustion and loss to vital energy with other allied affections.
A Pamphlet, containing Testimonials from Europeans, will be sent free of charge on application.
To be had of
VAIDYA SHASTRI MANISHANKAR GOVINDJI,
Atank-Nigrah Pharmacy,
KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOVELTY THEATRE.

THE HENRY DALLAS'
MUSICAL COMEDY COMPANY.

POSITIVELY
THE LAST TWO NIGHTS.
TO-NIGHT,
FRIDAY, 21ST AUGUST.
Complimentary Benefit Tendered to
MR. PERCIVAL KNIGHT.
Who will appear as
TOMMY BANG.....The Messenger Boy
In the latest Gaiety Success
"THE MESSENGER BOY."

SATURDAY, 22ND AUGUST.
POSITIVELY THE LAST NIGHT,
GILBERT & SULLIVAN'S POPULAR OPERA
"THE MIKADO,"
DESIGNER OF COSTUMES: MADAME STEPHENE.

Stage Manager ..... Mr. Percival Knight.
Musical Director..... ,, W. Fleming Vallance.
Limelight Operator ..... ,, J. H. Rook.
Machinist ..... ,, W. H. Williams.
Property Master..... ,, J. H. Shrout.

Sole Manager—Mr. W. FLEMING VALLANCE.
PERFORMANCE TO COMMENCE AT 9-30 P.M.
PRICES:—Rs. 4, 3, 2, and Re. 1.
Plan at Messrs. SOUNDY & CO.

ENTERTAINMENT.

CONCERT AND COMEDIETTA
B. E. S. GIRLS' SCHOOL, BYCULLA.
THURSDAY, the 27th AUGUST, at 9 P.M.
ADMISSION—ONE RUPEE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO ARRIVED per S. S. "KINSHIU MARU," from COLOMBO, SINGAPORE, CHINA, JAPAN, &c., are hereby informed that she is DISCHARGING her CARGO in K. Shed, Prince's Dock. All claims for short delivery, damages, &c., must be sent to the Office within ten days after the Steamer's arrival, otherwise they will not be entertained. No Survey will be held on Packages warehoused or removed from the landing Shed.

T. KUSUMOTO,
Manager, Nippon Yusen Kaisha.
Navsari Buildings, Fort, Bombay, 18th August, 1903.

BANK OF BOMBAY.

THE BANK will be CLOSED on WEDNESDAY, the 26th instant, that day being a PUBLIC HOLIDAY under the "Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881."

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Bombay, 19th August, 1903.

POONA RACES AND STEEPLE CHASES.

23RD, 26TH and 28TH SEPTEMBER,
1ST, 3RD and 5TH OCTOBER, 1903.

OWNERS are reminded that 2nd ENTRIES CLOSE, on TUESDAY, 25th August, 1903.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Poona, 19th August 1903.

POONA 8TH EXTRA MEETING.

SATURDAY, 29TH AUGUST, 1903.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P.M., on MONDAY, 24th August, 1903.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.
Poona, 19th August, 1903.

NOTICE.

WASTE PAPER FOR SALE.

MYSORE CENSUS SLIPS, each 7in. by 5in. and altogether weighing 1,203 maunds are FOR SALE by Tenders due on or before 28th instant. Inquire at CENSUS OFFICE, Abshot House, Sankey Road, Bangalore.

BY APPOINTMENT
TO H. E. THE GOVERNOR OF BOMBAY.

NOORMAHOMED RUTTONSEY,
SADDLER AND HARNESS MAKER,
BEST HARNESS MADE TO ORDER.
BEST SADDLERY READY IN STOCK.
CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.
BHENDI BAZAR, BOMBAY.

F. DUCKETT & Co.,
MONUMENTALISTS
OF POONA AND CARRARA.
"BOOKLET" & "COMPLETE"
NEW MEMORIAL DESIGN BOOK NOW ON HAND.
Specialists in Monumental Work for India.
ADDRESS: EAST STREET, POONA.

THE NEW "REVLUC"
PINCE-NEZ.

DURING the Hot Steamy Weather when your Glasses persist in falling off your nose, a pair of "REVLUC" FRAME fitted to your own lense, will be found a great boon.

They are self adjusting
There is nothing to break
They are always Horizontal
They are the acme of comfort and very strong
No slipping off the Nose.

Prices of Frames only, inclusive of fitting:—
Nickel Rs. 3-8. Gold Rs. 35,

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

WM. HUTCHINSON & Co.,
BANKERS, MERCHANTS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS.
TRAFALGAR BUILDINGS,
NORTHUMBERLAND AVENUE
CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. C.
TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS, PULLICATE, LONDON.
A. B. C. CODE USED.
CONSIGNMENTS of PRODUCE received and disposed.
INDENTS executed with care and promptitude.
PASSAGES booked by a line of Steamers.
ALL AGENCY BUSINESS undertaken.
The representatives of WM. HUTCHINSON and Co., on RECEIPT of INTIMATION, Board Steamers from the East on their arrival at Plymouth, at Gravesend, or at the Docks, to take instructions as to Clearing and Forwarding Baggage, &c.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVTS.

Only Advertisements for Clerks, Servants, &c., Houses to Let, and Goods for Sale or Wanted, are accepted in this Column.

RATES.—(Cash only.) Three lines, per insertion, One Rupee. Every additional line, Eight Annas. REPLIES will be sent "BEARING" unless amount to cover Postage is previously paid.

IT IS UNDENIABLE.—You can secure a better selection from a more varied collection of WATCHES, JEWELLERY, SILVER, and ELECTRO-PLATED WARE and Small Silver and Gold KNICK-NACKS at the Establishments of Messrs. MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

MARZA WINE.—The New Brain and Nerve food to restore the vital forces. Contains Iron, Phosphorus, Coca, and Pepsine. Rs. 3-4 Per bottle.—Sole Agents, THOMSON and TAYLOR, 35, Esplanade Road, Bombay.

CYCLE CAPES, for the Monsoon, Footballs, Cricketballs, Hot water bottles, etc. Now on view. Inspection invited. Satisfaction ASSURED. THE CORONATION CYCLE & RUBBER GOODS DEPOT, Hornby Row, Bombay. Sole Agents for Aeriel Cycles.

TO BE LET from 1st AUGUST.—A LARGE BUNGALOW, with Storey and Out-Houses, No. 51, Nagaum Cross Road, opposite Mahraj Wadi. Apply to D. D. ALLBLESS, No. 4, Cowasji Patel St., Fort.

WANTED a Parsee CARDING and SPINNING MASTER, for an Up-country Mill. Apply to Box, No. "916A," Advt. Dept., "Bombay Gazette."

DELHI DURBAR ALBUM are now READY FOR SALE, at RAJA DEEN DAYAL AND SONS. Each Album contains 100 best selected Photos of most interesting subjects. Inspection respectfully invited at SOBHAG MAHEL, Walkeshwar Road, Malabar Hill.

IN CONSTANT USE FOR 10 YEARS.—Mrs. M. Blyth, Colaba, says:—Singer's Family Machines had been in constant use for 10 years, for both heavy and light work, and only cost me few annas for trifling repairs.

"SANTALINE."—A reliable preparation of Indian Herbs and Pure Oil of Sandalwood. Magic Gonorrhœa Cure, after the failure of Copaiba Cubebs or Matico, and other such preparations, Rs. 3 only.—PEREIRA NANDES & Co., Chemists, &c., 33 years' reputation, 31, Meadows Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED, by European Gentleman, BOARD and RESIDENCE, neighbourhood of Cooperage or Colaba. No Boarding Houses. Address "J.," "Bombay Gazette" Office.

ICES AND REFRESHMENT.—Every day two kinds of ICES. WINES and SPIRITS of the best kind. Fresh Pastry, Hot Mutton Patties.—MORENAS & Co., Meadow St., Bombay.

JUST UNPACKED.—English single HARNESS, STATE CARRIAGE LAMPS, and ARTIFICIAL LEATHER for Carriage and Furniture Cushions.—E. S. MALLA & Co., Bhendy Bazar, Bombay.

VISITORS to POONA will obtain decent CYCLES on HIRE from WELLINGTON CYCLE Co., 289, Main Street, (opposite the Cantonment Court), Poona.

URGENT.—THE DIAMOND JUBILEE WASHING Co. and THE POPULAR DYE WORK, No. 2, Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay. Chemical Cleaning and Dyeing by Expert Workmen.

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SOUTH AFRICA, 1899-1902.

MENTIONED IN DESPATCHES.

(2ND EDITION.)

Being a Complete List of Officers and Men of the Army and Navy mentioned in Despatches (with details of act for which mentioned, where such has been gazetted); together with a List of those awarded the Victoria Cross (with details), Conspicuous Service Cross, Distinguished Service Order, and Distinguished Conduct Medals; and of Nursing Sisters who have been awarded the Royal Red Cross.

Also List of all Honours and Special Promotions in the Army and Navy gazetted up to November, 1902.

PRICE ONE SHILLING,

By Post 1-2.

THE ARMY & NAVY GAZETTE,
3, YORK STREET, COVENT GARDEN,
LONDON, W. C.

NOTICE.

THOSE SUBSCRIBERS who have been hitherto SUPPLIED with the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" through the Cosmopolitan Library, can have the paper by applying to Messrs. VINCENT & CO., 19, Hornby Road, 3rd Floor, Fort, or the "BOMBAY GAZETTE," Head Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 27, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Edward's House, Apollo Reclamation, near the Saluting Battery, the very valuable and handsome teak and black wood, plain and carved F.-P. household furniture of the latest design, such as drawing-room suit lined with French plush, cabinets marble top tables, brass and iron bedsteads, almyras, cloth and hanging presses, real Persian carpets, Treacher's glassware, rich porcelain ware, best plated ware, hall, table, hanging and wall lamps by Hinks and Ditmar, China, Japanese and satsuma vases, real porcelain and Australian table ornaments, rich oil paintings and oleographs, door curtains, china and coir matting, one nearly new Beeston-Humber gent's bicycle with free-wheel and rim brake, English ice box with refrigerator, Singapore cane furniture, &c. &c. the property of Captain R. H. E. Pennell, Presidency Paymaster.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, a quantity of grey and coloured piece-goods, etc.

Estate of the late Mr. Syndal—

A lot of wearing apparels, such as sola and straw hats, shirts, handkerchiefs, towels, trunks, neckties, walking sticks, &c., &c.

By order of the concerned and on account and risk of the concerned—S. S. "Beria."

M. S. 1 to 12—12 cases electrical appliances consisting of cel battery, fan mortar and guard zonophone, silver cement silver repairer, new jonas sound box, &c.

AT 1-30 P.M.

1 handsome strong glass fronted miniature brougham.
1 handsome strong second hand victoria, in very good order.
1 handsome strong palanquin office shigram in good order.
1 grey pony, quiet in harness.
1 bay Arab, quiet in harness and saddle.
1 handsome strong bay Arab horse, 14-2 aged, quiet in harness.

AUCTION SALE OF JEWELLERY.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs BENNETT & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms by order of the concerned and on account and risk of Ruttonji Bhicaji Karurjavala—1 ruby and pearls necklace.

Also the property of a deceased gentleman, consisting of one diamond and rubies necklace, pearl kanthi, ruby rings silverware, watches, plated ware lot of wearing apparels, lot of copper and brass utensils &c.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LEASEHOLD PROPERTY AT FORAS ROAD.

On MONDAY, the 7th day of September, 1903, at 4 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. Auctioneers, will sell on the premises under instructions from the mortgagee of the property and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Ruttonjee Dossabhoy Currance, an Insolvent, the unexpired portion (less one day) of a term of 99 years which commenced on the 1st, September, 1900, of and in all that piece or parcel of land containing by admeasurement 259 square yards or thereabouts, situate at Foras Road at Bombay, in the Registration sub-district of Bombay, being part of a piece of land demised by an indenture of lease dated the 31st day of August, 1900, and made between Bai Avabai, widow of Framjee Dinshaw Petit of the one part, and Ruttonjee Dossabhoy Currance of the other part, and registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under new Survey No. 6934, and bounded on or towards the east by the chawl and property of the said Bai Avabai, widow of Framjee Dinshaw Petit, on or towards the west by a common private passage twenty-two feet broad on or towards the north by another portion of the said land demised by the hereinbefore mentioned lease and beyond that by the Foras Road, and on or towards the south by the property of the said Bai Avabai, widow of Framjee Dinshaw Petit, Together with the partially erected dwelling house or building standing thereon, Together with the right of way over the said common private passage to be enjoyed consistently with the like right of way of different lessees of other parts of the properties belonging to the said Bai Avabai, widow of Framjee Dinshaw Petit, and lying on both sides of the said common passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs Craigie, Lynch and Owen, Vendors' Attornies, Standard Buildings, Hornby Row, Fort, or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & Co.

Bombay, 21st August, 1903.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

AUCTION SALE OF DAMAGED COTTON.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 21st instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Belvedere Road, near Wari Bunder, on account of the Insurance Offices concerned—

A large quantity of cotton, damaged by fire and water.

A deposit of 50 per cent. will be required at the time of sale.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, on the second floor of Whiteaway and Laidlaw's Building, next to Messrs, Bourne and Shepherd's Studio, Hornby Road, Fort, the valuable handsome blackwood platedware, crockery and glassware, nearly new Ittaswood cottage piano by Scundy and Co., English ice box, Singer's hand and foot sewing machine, table ornaments, wine-proof lamps, Gents' bicycle, etc., the property of an European gentleman.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY, the 24th instant, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction at their Rooms, a quantity of grey, white and coloured piece-goods and the following:—

Household furniture, such as dining, camp, dressing, washing, and writing tables, sofas, arm chairs, easy chairs, cupboards, almira, Singer's hand sewing machine, double bedstead, semi-grand piano.

A choice collection of water-colours and oil paintings of Matheran, Khandalla, Back Bay, &c., from the Darjeeling and other exhibitions.

AT 2 P.M.

Several new and second-hand gent's bicycles,
1 second-hand brougham.
1 strong-built victoria, with pony mare and harness,
1 French-polished office shigram.

And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

SALE OF VALUABLE PEARL, DIAMOND AND GOLD ORNAMENTS.

Under instructions from the Administrator-General, Messrs CRAWFORD and Co. will, on TUESDAY, the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., sell by Public Auction, at their Rooms, the following ornaments belonging to the estate of the late Rao Bahadur Purbhoodass Kissondass, viz.,—

1 pearl satlada of 8 strings, 1 pearl satlada of 4 strings, 4 pearl raifulls, 4 pearl bangles, 1 pearl nose ring, 1 diamond and emerald earring, 1 diamond lavangia, 1 diamond and emerald chokda, 1 gold armlet, 1 pair gold bangles, 1 gold chandanhar (necklace) of 5 strings, 2 pendants, googris, &c.

The above is on view.

SALE OF LANDED PROPERTY AT CAMATIPOORA 10TH STREET.

On TUESDAY, the 25th instant, at 4 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co., will by Public Auction on the premises by order of Messrs. Hindu, Huna and Co., the mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of the legal heirs and representatives of the deceased mortgagor, Poshety Hooshuna Kaipelly, in pursuance of the Power of Sale given in the indenture of mortgage dated the 6th day of November, 1895, the following landed property, viz.:—

All that piece of Government land with the dwelling-house and premises, situated in the city and Sub-Registration district of Bombay, at Camatipoora 10th Street, assessed by Municipality under E. ward, No. 1888, Street No. 32, and registered in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under old No. 4 57, new No. 10904, new Survey No. 6702, and the ground containing by admeasurement 33 and eight-ninths square yards, and bounded on the east by the house of Jevram Luxoomus, on the west by the house of Rajumabai, daughter of Shivoo, on the north by the 10th Camatipoora Street, and on the south by the sweeper's passage.

For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the Undersigned.

Under instructions from the Administrator General Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction at Bazar Gate Street, Fort, on THURSDAY, the 27th instant, at 2 p.m., the furniture and effects of the late Bai Navajbai, widow of the late Mr. Muncherji Palonji Writer, consisting of—

Blackwood and teakwood household furniture, iron safe, silk and cotton garments, gold and silver jewellery, silver and copper coins, samples of platedware, crockery and glassware, glass door show cupboards, sample tables, copper brass and german silver utensils, etc.

The property will be on view three days before the sale.

On FRIDAY, the 28th instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 18, Forbes Street, Fort, opposite the Jewish Synagogue, the valuable and handsome blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, crockeryware and glassware sweet-toned small size mahogany semi-grand piano by E. Kars, wind-proof table and hanging lamps, Austrian safe on stand, table ornaments pictures, sample tables, foot sewing machine, &c., the property of A. Landau, Esq.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

BONA-FIDE SALE.

On a date to be fixed hereafter, at 1 p.m., Messrs CRAWFORD & Co, are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the "Anchorage," Apollo Bunder, near the Saluting Battery, the valuable and neat substantial teakwood and blackwood, dining-room, drawing-room, and bedroom furniture by Roberts and Dewjee Canjee, crockery and glassware incandescent gas lamps. Grandfather clock, &c., the property of C. E. Palmer, Esq., proceeding to England.

Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view three days before the sale.

CRAWFORD & Co.

Bombay, 21st August, 1903.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS,

warranted to cure all Discharges from the Urinal Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional) Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the world Proprietors:—THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUGGIST, London, England.

CONTAMINATIONS

of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking "CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE," the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all Impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the "cause" from the blood and bones. To be had of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per Bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

SECURITIES—
2¾ per cent. Consols .... 90 7/16 = + 3/16
3 per cent Rentes .... 97 1/2 = unchanged
3½ per cent. Indian Sterling Loan .... 107 1/2 = do
3½ per cent. Indian Enfaced Rupee Paper .... 65 11 16 = do

SILVER—
Spot in London .... 25 3/8 = — 1-16
2 months hence .... 25 3 16 = unchanged
Spot in New York .... 54 7-8 = — 1-8

EXCHANGES—
Paris cheques .... 25 15 = unchanged
Berlin „ .... 20 37 3 4 = + 1-2
New York Demand .... 48 5 3-4 = unchanged

DISCOUNTS—
Bank of England .... 3 pr ct = do
3 months sight Bank Bills ... 2 7/8 pr ct = do
6 „ „ .... 3 1-4 pr ct = do
3 „ „ Fine Trade Bills .... 3 pr ct = do
6 month sight Fine Trade Bills .... 3 5-8 pr ct = do

INTEREST—
Day to day loans .... 1 3 4 pr ct = do
7 day market loans .... 2 pr ct = do

Amount withdrawn from the Bank of England about £1,00,000.

Rapeseed—Yellow Guzerat 31s. 9d. August-Sept, Sellers. Tone steady = plus 3d.

Linseed Sold, 37s. 3-9d. Aug.-Sept. Business done. Tone easier = — 6d.

Arrival.—Steamer Clan Urquhart.

At the Periodical Biddings for Council Bills for Rs. 5,000,000.

Rs. 30,60 000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 11,40,000 do. Bombay.
„ 10,000 do. Madras.

Rs. 42,10,000, at 1s. 4d.

Minimum rate received 31 p. ct.

Telegraphic Transfers—

Rs. 2,00,000 were allotted to Calcutta.
„ 5,90,000 do. Bombay.
„ Nil „ Madras.

Rs. 7,90,000 at 1s. 4 1-32d.

Minimum rate received 31 per cent.

Total amount sold during week, Rs. 50,30,000.

Amount to be allotted next week, Rs. 50,00,000.

Extra allotments Bills on Bombay, Rs. 30,000 at 1s. 4 1-32d.

Bills on Calcutta, Rs. 10,000, at 1s. 4 1-32d.

In Liverpool—

Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats steady. Manchester quiet. Total sales 6,000. Spot. 6·74 plus 8. Sold on speculation and for export 1,000. Imports nil. Arrivals closed dull.

Aug.-Sept.	Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.
5·39 +2	5·33	5·46	5·35 +1

Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.	Mar.-April.
5·31	5·29	5·29 +1	5·28

In New York—
Receipts at the Port .... Nil bales
Do. last year .... 4,400 „
Exports to Great Britain 2,000
Do. do Continent .... Nil
Mid-Uplands .... 12·75 unchanged
Futures, month of Dec. .... 9·77 „
Do. do. March .... 9·77 2 — 1"

In New Orleans—
Spot .... 12 5/8 unchanged
Futures, month of Sept .... 10·91 „
Do. do. December .... 9·62 „
Tone at close .... steady.

Arrivals of Cotton, Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 24 hours ending at 6 p.m., on Wednesday, 19th August 1903:—

Cotton .... 493 bales.
Wheat .... 13,070 cwts.
Linseed .... 1,483 „
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds .... 2,355 „
Gingellyseed .... 250 „
Poppyseed .... 302 „
Groundnuts .... Nil
Castorseed .... 2,832 „
Rice .... 1,927 „
Myrabellams .... 1,734 „
Cottonseed .... 3,486 „

BOMBAY, THURSDAY, AUGUST 20.

EXCHANGE—Tone steady.
Bank T.T. .... 1s. 4d.
Bank Demand .... 1s. 4d.
Credit Bills 3 Months Sight D. A. 1s. 4 3-16d.
Do 6 do do 1s. 4 5-16d. to 11-32d
French Francs 3 do do 169 3-4
Marks 3 do do 137 3-4
Hongkong 30 Days' Sight 133
Shanghai 30 do do ...... [illegible]
Japan 30 do do 152 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER—3 1-2 per cent. Tone quiet.
Cash ... ... 98·7
1st Settlement ... ... 98·6

Money Market, Tone quiet.

BANK RATE—
Bank of England since 18th June 3 per cent.
Bank of Bombay do. 2nd July 4 do.
Bank of Bengal do. 2nd „ 4 do.
Bank of Madras do. 23rd „ 4 do.

SEEDS—
	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed.—Tone quieter.			
Ready	6	6	0 to 6 7
Rapeseed.—Tone steady.			
Brown Cawnpore Ready ...	5	6	0
Yellow Cawnpore Ready ...	5	14	0
Yellow Guzerat Ready ...	5	14	0
Poppyseed.—Tone steady.			
Ready	6	6	0
Castorseed—Tone steady.			
Ready	21	8	0

WHEAT.—Tone steady.
Pissi 91 per cent. .... Rs. 30 8
Club, No. 1 .... „ 29 8
Hard, Red .... „ 23 8

LIVERPOOL OPENING TELEGRAM.

Tone steady.
Estimated sales .... 4,000 Bale
Imports 9,000

July-Aug.	Aug.-Sept.
6·0 +1	5·87 +1

Sept.-Oct.	Oct.-Nov.	Nov.-Dec.	Dec.-Jan.	Jan.-Feb.	Feb.-Mar.
5·48 +2	5·36 +1	5·32 +2	5·31 +2	5·30 +1	5·29 +1

COTTON.—The market remains quiet for ready Cotton with little doing owing to the heavy rain. New crop closes quiet with little business passing at Rs. 224 for Good Broach and Rs. 174 for Fully Good Bengals.

The following is the Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 19th August:—

	Rs.	Rs.
Value of Silver held on account of tenderers for Dollar coinage on the evening of the 12th August 1903		54,46,000
Value of Government Silver on do. do.		10,80,000
Total		65,26,000
Add—Silver received during the week on account of tenderers for British Dollar coinage	10,000	
Do. do. Government	42,000	
		52,000
		65,78,000
Deduct—Dollars transferred to Custom House for export of the value of	.....	
Petty items issued for miscellaneous purposes	.....	
New Coin paid to the Reserve Treasury	3,00,000	
		3 00,000
Balance on evening of the 12th August 1903		62,78,000

The Balance comprises—	Rs.
Silver held on account of the tenderers	54 51,000
Do do Government	8,22,000
	62,78,000

There is in addition awaiting Assay—	Rs.
Bullion received for Dollar coinage	.....
Uncurrent Coin belonging to Government	28,000
	28,000

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed:—quiet. Surats steady.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

2 3-4 per cent. Consols 90 7-16
3 per cent. Rentes 97 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Sterling Loan 107 1-2
3 1-2 per cent. Rupee Papers 65 11-16
Bar Silver 25 3-8

The sum of about £ 100,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS!—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain and the little cherub awakes as "bright as a button." It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentery and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcements of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATH and MEMORIAM Notices (which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender) is Rs. 2, for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

AT SEA.

DEATH.

RAE—July 27, of pneumonia, on board the S S City of Calcutta, 467 miles east of Socotra, Esther McNair, the dearly loved infant daughter of Mr and the late Mrs W R Rae, of Calcutta, aged 13 months.

CHINA.

DEATH.

McNEE—July 14, at Shanhaikwan, N China, from the effects of an accident whilst bathing, Henry Richard McNee, Lieutenant, Indian Medical Service, attached 30th Punjab Infantry, in his twenty-seventh year.

BOMBAY.

DEATH.

D'MELLOW—August 20, at St George's Hospital, Bombay, Michael L'Mellow (Mick), Assistant Erector Foreman, B B & C I Ry, Parel. The funeral cortege will arrive at Sewree Cemetery at 5 p.m. Friends will kindly accept this intimation.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

NICOLAS—August 10, at Dunga Gali, Hazara, the wife of Captain F C Nicolas, 7th Bengal Lancers, (Punjab Commission), of a son, still-born.

DEATHS.

ADAMS—August 6, at the Albert Victor Hospital, Lahore, of heart disease, the beloved wife of A E Adams, Traffic Inspector, N W Railway.

GOMPERTZ—August 16, at the Grange, Yercaud, Leila Catherine, the dearly beloved wife of Robert Gompertz.

SANDS—August 16, at Marine Hall, Mussoorie, the wife of Mr C E W Sands, United Provinces Police, of a daughter.

STEWART—August 15, at Calcutta, George Alexander, of Sinclair Murray and Co., son of the Rev George Stewart Bexhill-on-Sea, aged 45 years.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 5h. 42m. Sun sets, 6h. 24m. High water, 10-14m., 1-14. Low water, 3-24m., 4-19.

Meeting of the Bombay Legislative Council, Poona.

Novelty Theatre, the Henry Dallas Musical Comedy Company.

Lord and Lady Northcote's Memorial Fund Committee, Durbar Room, 5-30 p.m.

WALKESHWAR FAIR.—The annual Hindu fair known as the Walkeshwar Temple Fair, commences on Saturday and will last for a week.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Ceylon, Singapore, China, Japan, and Australia, per s.s. Ville de la Ciotat, will be closed at the General Post Office at 6 a.m. to-morrow. Parcel mail for Netherlands India, French-China, and Japan close at 10 a.m. to-day.

CRUSHED IN A MACHINE.—Krishna Alla, aged fifteen, an operative in the Cooria Mill, while at work in the carding department on Wednesday, had his right arm caught between the rollers of the carding machine and drawn in. He was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where the injured arm was amputated at the shoulder.

MANUFACTURING KING'S COINS.—At the Mazagon Police Court, yesterday, Mr. P. H. Dastur, Second Presidency Magistrate, committed Andrea Cardona, a Spaniard, and Jamaine Fabre, a native of Algeria, to take their trial at the next Criminal Sessions of the Bombay High Court, on a charge of manufacturing King's coin. The facts of the case have been published. The accused were arrested in the act of manufacturing counterfeit coins in a room on Falkland Road. They reserved their statement.

ROBBING A WOMAN.—At the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday, before Mr. J. Sanders Slater, Chief Presidency Magistrate, Inspector Sullivan charged Shripalsing Parsansing, formerly a ramoshi in the Bombay Police, with the theft of a press box belonging to Sakubai, a woman residing in Golpitha. It appeared that on Wednesday night the accused passed by the room of the complainant and picked up the box which was lying near the door and bolted. The on duty near the Northbrook Garden arrested the accused with the box in his hand. The Magistrate convicted the accused and sentenced him to two months' rigorous imprisonment.

SUFFERING AND SUICIDE.—At the Morgue yesterday, Mr. P. Byrne, Coroner for Bombay, conducted an inquest relative to the death of Sassama, a Hindu woman, aged about twenty-five years. The deceased who was a bidi seller, lived with her sister at Currie Road, her husband having gone to Sholapore. The deceased had been ailing for the last two years and was often heard to say that she was tired of life. She was missed from home on Wednesday morning, and at 3 o'clock in the afternoon her body was found floating in the hot water tank of the Star of India Mill at Ferguson Road. There were no marks of violence on the body. The Jury returned a verdict of suicide.

BAND AT THE ESPLANADE BAND STAND.—By kind permission of Lt.-Col. W. F. Cabural Commanding and Officers, the Band of the 21st Bombay Infantry will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine Band Master, commencing at 5-45 p.m. to-day (weather permitting):—

March .... With Sword and Lance ... Starke
Overture .... Fra Diavolo .... Auber
Selection .... Little Christopher Columbus ... Caryll
Russian Dance
(Piccolo Solo) ... Danse des Zauves .... Leslie
Selection .... The French Abaid ... Slaughter
Valse .... La Reine des Cœurs ... Waldteufel

AN EXTORTIONER SENT TO JAIL.—At the Esplanade Police Court yesterday Mr. Karsondas Chhabildas, Third Presidency Magistrate, disposed of the case in which Inspector Sullivan charged Gunpat Tukaram, a Hindu, with being a habitual extortioner and robbery. The accused had no visible means of subsistence, and was in the habit of extorting money from people. On the 16th instant he visited the room of Daji Daaku in Second Kumbharwada armed with a bamboo stick, and demanded Rs. 2 from him. He asked to be paid immediately else he said he would break his head with the stick. Other people in the house interfered and the accused silenced them with the same threat. Eventually the complainant paid him every pice he had, the sum amounting to Rs. 1 5-0, and then fell at his feet and begged to be forgiven. The accused left the room with the money, but shortly after he was arrested by a police sepoy with the stick and money in his possession. The Magistrate convicted him and sentenced him to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

DISPUTE ABOUT A BHIL GIRL.—At the Mazagon Police Court, Merwanjee Burjorjee, a Parsee, appeared before Mr. P. H. Dastur, to answer a charge of kidnapping a Bhil girl, named Soni, aged 13, preferred against him by Hormusjee Jamsetjee. Mr. Ashbury, pleader, appeared for the complainant, while Mr. Athavle, pleader, defended the accused. The evidence showed the girl lived in the Dany Jungle in the Vansda State with her parents, who were poor and starving. They gave the girl to one Pestonjee a resident in the State, who brought her up as a servant girl, and when Pestonjee's sister Dinbai married the complainant, the former sent her with Dinbai to Bombay. A sister-in-law of the accused, who was a neighbour of Dinbai, had a servant girl Munji of nearly the same age as Soni, and a friendship sprung up between the two girls, and it was alleged that Soni was persuaded to leave Dinbai on the 20th July. When the complainant asked the accused to return the girl Soni the accused declined to do so and hence the charge. The Magistrate, in disposing of the case, remarked that the guardianship of Pestonjee and Dinbai was proved, but the accused's action in keeping the girl in spite of Dinbai's demand was not lawful. But it was possible the accused considered Dinbai as in no wise the guardian of the girl and thought himself justified in taking the girl in his house as servant and detaining her as such. If so the offence was merely technical, and the accused was therefore nominally sentenced to one day's imprisonment and ordered to return the girl to Dinbai.

To Cure Horse Ailments.

Eminent Veterinary Surgeons (see Book on Bottle) strongly recommend Condy's Fluid as a speedy and absolutely Certain Cure for Sore Shoulders, Sore Backs, Broken Knees, Grease, Thrush, Cracked Heels and Mud Fever in Horses.

Insist on having "Condy's Fluid." Sold by all Chemists & Stores.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH]

SIMLA, AUGUST 20.

Thursday.—The depression in the Bay yesterday, has crossed the coast and has advanced in a westerly direction into the southern districts of the Central Provinces. It is still of only feeble intensity, but it is causing an increased indraught, westerly winds across the West Coast and the rainfall has increased in that region. Light to heavy rain has fallen in the Satpuras, light rain in the Deccan, north of the East Coast and showers in South India. Light to moderate rain has been received in Burma; light rain in north-east India, heavy local rain in the Mussoorie hills and light to moderate rain in the Central India plateau. Pachmarhi reports 7 inches, Mangalore, Ratnagiri and Chakrata 4; Goa, Mussoorie and Silchar 3; Calicut, Mercara and Bombay 2 1-2; Tavoy, Bhamo, Dibrugarh and Cherrapoonjee 2; Akyab, Cochin, Mormugao, Kurnool, Indore and Kotah 1½; Jubbulpore, Khandwa and Akola one. The depression will probably continue advancing in a westerly direction and moderate rain is probable during the next 24 hours in the west of Satpuras, West Coast, light to moderate rain in the Deccan, Central India plateau, Burma, Brahmapatara Valley, East Hamalayas and sub-Himalayas, light rain in the delta of Bengal; showers in the Indo-Gangetic plain, West-Himalayas and South-Himalayas and South India.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Byculla In.	Cts.	Esplanade In.	Cts.	Fort In.	Cts.	Colaba In.	Cts.
Previously registered	58	33	61	25	55	26	58	44
Thursday, 20th August	8	06	3	50	8	32	6	56
Total	66	39	64	75	63	58	65	00
Total fall to August 20, 1902	24	10	28	00	27	80	27	21
Total fall to August 20, 1901	83	76	77	81	82	17	74	93

OBSERVATIONS TAKEN AT 8 A.M., ON THURSDAY THE 20TH AUGUST.

Stations.	Pressure, 8 A.M.	Wind: Direction.	Wind: Rate per hour.	Temperature in Shade: Maximum of past 24 hours.	Temperature in Shade: Minimum of past 24 hours.	Humidity, 8 A.M.	Rainfall: Past 24 hours.	Rainfall: Since 1st June to date.	Rainfall: Variation, 1st June to date.
Bushire	29·617	E	6	100·0	83·9	72	...	0·00	0·00
Jask	29·830	Calm	9	92·[illegible]	85·7	7	...	0·00	—0·13
Muscat	29·559	SE	3	88·[illegible]	84·0	80	...	0·03	—0·37
Aden	29·704	ESE	11	95·3	82·8	7[illegible]	...	0·05	—0·12
Lahore	29·57[illegible]	SE	3	103·4	82·9	7[illegible]	...	6·9	—5·7
Sirsa	29·571	SE	7	103·[illegible]	83·1	72	...	11·3	+2·69
Delhi	29·618	SSE	6	97·7	79·3	8[illegible]	...	6·6	—11·21
Agra	29·61[illegible]	SE	[illegible]	95·0	80·9	8[illegible]	..	12·57	—5·20
Cawnpore	29·595	E	[illegible]	92·3	80·1	85	...	8·13	—14·23
Allahabad	29·587	ENE	9	87·7	80·1	81	...	10·50	—15·19
Jhansi	29·59[illegible]	NW	4	91·[illegible]	78·6	75	0·0[illegible]	3·54	—12·79
Jacobabad	29·576	Calm	1	108·9	81·7	73	...	2·42	+0·09
Karachi	29·652	W	17	90·4	78·7	85	..	3·56	—2·32
Jeypore	29·612	Calm	3	99·2	80·6	77	0·0.	15·9	—0·5
Ajmere	29·62[illegible]	NW	9	90·4	75·6	7[illegible]	...	16·07	+1·41
Deesa	29·681	W	8	93·[illegible]	78·1	8[illegible]	...	15·70	—1·1
Ahmedabad	29·6[illegible]	NW	2	93·2	79·6	73	...	22·5	—2·89
Bhuj	29·65	WNW	15	92·3	76·9	81	...	14·06	+2·82
Jamnagar	29·659	WSW	2[illegible]	87·0	77·2	75	0·25	21·73	+6·7
Dwarka	29·63	W	20	86·4	79·[illegible]	81	..	2·61	—
Rajkot	29·679	W	1	80·9	76·2	8	...	17·8	—3·63
Bhavnagar	29·666	NW	9	93·[illegible]	8[illegible]·0	77	..	15·1[illegible]	+3·01
Veraval	29·684	WNW	2	84·[illegible]	80·3	79	...	18·7	+4·48
Neemuch	29·625	W	7	86·5	72·[illegible]	96	1·2	18·[illegible]	—1·26
Indore	29·613	NNW	7	79·[illegible]	69·6	93	1·47	26·2	+7·95
Saugor	29·60	NE	5	84·4	74·1	9[illegible]	0·4	20·[illegible]	—13·08
Jubbulpore	29·544	NNE	2	87·4	74·1	8[illegible]	1·1	29·91	—11·11
Hoshangabad	29·57	SW	1	91·[illegible]	76·[illegible]	9[illegible]	0·2[illegible]	19·76	—14·01
Khandwa	29·60[illegible]	NW	11	87·[illegible]	72·1	9[illegible]	1·20	13·8[illegible]	—5·33
Raipur	29·540	E	[illegible]	85·1	75·4	9	0·1	22·8[illegible]	—10·41
Nagpur	29·555	SE	[illegible]	84·3	76·6	9	0·56	38·3	+8·41
Amraoti	29·57[illegible]	W	[illegible]	82·1	74·5	9	...	23·[illegible]	+2·[illegible]
Akola	29·[illegible]	NW	10	[illegible]	72·[illegible]	9[illegible]	1·[illegible]	21·7	+1·73
Surat	29·66	NW	[illegible]	91·1	78·6	9	0·[illegible]	21·41	—6·10
Malegaon	29·63	WNW	11	88·4	76·[illegible]	74	...	[illegible]	—2·56
Bombay	29·67	WNW	1[illegible]	81	76·[illegible]	92	2·6	52·5[illegible]	—3·66
Poona	29·700	W	13	78·1	69·0	9[illegible]	0·23	12·5	—1·71
Ahmednagar	29·68	W	10	79·[illegible]	6[illegible]	[illegible]	0·30	8·85	+0·43
[illegible]abad	29·6[illegible]	W	[illegible]	8[illegible]	7[illegible]	[illegible]	0·1[illegible]	[illegible]	...
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	7[illegible]	9	0·[illegible]	18·82	+0·79
Ratnagiri	29·7[illegible]	NW	[illegible]	79·[illegible]	7[illegible]	[illegible]	3·77	73·36	—3·15
Bijapur	29·657	WSW	13	83·[illegible]	65·[illegible]	92	0·5	13·6	+0·3[illegible]
Belgaum	29·72[illegible]	WSW	21	81·3	66·8	9[illegible]	0·3[illegible]	[illegible]	—[illegible]
Marmugoa	29·7·6	NW	13	82·0	73·[illegible]	9[illegible]	1·47	73·[illegible]	+2·61
Karwar	29·76	S	6	81·1	72·5	[illegible]	3·75	[illegible]	+4·70
Mangalore	29·825	Calm	[illegible]	80·4	72·1	[illegible]	3·8	91·78	+4·7[illegible]
Calicut	29·8[illegible]	W	11	82·2	[illegible]	9[illegible]	2·4[illegible]	8[illegible]	+[illegible]
Cochin	29·872	NNW	F	82·7	73·2	8	1·0	56·3[illegible]	+7·03
Bangalore	29·791	SW	12	79·[illegible]	64·8	9	0·8	9·97	—0·69
Secunderabad	29·691	WNW	1[illegible]	79·6	69·0	9	0·60	18·57	+1·63
Masulipatam	29·63	WNW	7	86·0	76·1	89	0·75	[illegible]·87	+9·6
Bellary	29·702	WSW	11	86·0	72·7	77	[illegible]·9	7·27	+2·24
Cuddapah	29·690	SW	6	91·7	75·3	74	0·05	17·2[illegible]	+6·2
Madras	29·701	SW	7	89·[illegible]	77·5	8[illegible]	..	11·0[illegible]	×1·5
Coimbatore	29·797	W	6	86·9	69·6	80	0·11	5·45	×1·8
Trichinopoly	29·767	SW	7	89·[illegible]	76·8	7	...	5·7	×0·8
Negapatam	29·751	W	[illegible]	9[illegible]·7	78·5	6	...	4·73	—1·10
Colombo	29·86[illegible]	W	11	85·[illegible]	78·5	81	0·02	15·11	—0·50

In column "Wind Rate per hour" L = Light, M = Moderate, F = Fresh, S = Strong, H = Heavy.

Bombay Local Rainfalls;—J J H. = 3·47 (52·73) G T H = 3·50 (51·78); St G H = 3·71 (51·56); C P = 2·65 (52·53)

SUMMARY.

Pressure has further decreased over the greater part of the country, the fall having been brisk in Berar, the Bombay Presidency and at Khandwa and Nagpur. The barometer is in slight excess of normal in the extreme north and in Ceylon and at Cochin and Calicut, and generally below it elsewhere, the deficiency being about a tenth in Berar, the Central Provinces and over the Deccan.

Winds.—Fresh to strong north-westerly winds are blowing in Kathiawar and Gujarat and on the Bombay Coast.

Temperature variations are within 5 of normal either way at the majority of the reporting stations. The maximum varied from 109° at Jacobabad to 78° at Belgaum and the minimum from 83° at Lahore and Sirsa to 65° at Bangalore.

Cloud and Humidity.—The sky is now overcast in many places. Humidity changes are generally small.

Rain has fallen over a large area, the principal amounts being 3·87" at Mangalore, 3·87" at Ratnagiri, 3·75" at Karwar, 2·65" at Bombay, 2·40" at Calicut and between one and two inches at Cochin, Mormugao, Akola, Khandwa, Jubbulpore, Indore and Neemuch.

Weather.—The monsoon gradient has considerably increased and is to-day steeper than usual at this time of year, and more or less heavy rain is likely along the West Coast.

E. A. KENYON,
Meteorological Reporter for Western India.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, COLABA.

Bombay 19th August 1903.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m. 4 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah. .... inches	29·717
Temperature of the Air .... degrees	79·6
Wet Bulb Thermometer	77·2
Dew Point	76·1
Relative humidity of Air	0·898
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded = 10)	10·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m.) next day .... degrees	81·3
Minimum do. do. (read at 8 a.m.)	77·3
General Directions of wind.*	W, WNW, NW, W.
Movement of Wind in 24 hours* .... miles	375
Fall of Rain	1·63
Total fall during month	6·69
„ „ year	59·22
Additional fall of rain up to 8 a.m. of 20th August	2·37

*From midnight to midnight.

N. A. F. MOOS,
Director, Government Observatory.

HOME REMITTANCES.

THE following is the weekly memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury by means of Council Bills:—

	£
1. Amount to be remitted during 1903-04	17,000,000
2. Remitted from 1st April 1903 to 15th August 1903, by Council Bills	7,300,843
By Gold	.....
3. Balance to be remitted from 16th August 1903 to 31st March 1904	9,693,157

FLORILINE.—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline sprinkled on a wet tooth brush produces a pleasant lather, which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities hardens the gums, prevents tartar stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The Fragrant Floriline being composed in parts of Honey and Sweet Herbs is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Depot. 33, Farringdon Road, London, England.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE P and O S N Co's steamer Pekin, 2,522 tons, Captain C R Langden, sailed yesterday for Shanghai with a general cargo.

THE German East Africa Line steamer Sultan, 1,81 tons, Captain C Glogner, sailed yesterday for Zanzibar, &c., with a general cargo and Mr and Mrs S J Lobo and 120 deck.

THE B I S N Co's steamer Dwarka, 739 tons, Captain D L Nielson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Karachi, 18th August, with a general cargo, one cabin and 16 deck passengers.

THE steamer Secunder, 1,073 tons, Captain C W Brebner, F R G S, F S A, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius 6th August, with a general cargo and 33 deck passengers. During the voyage she experienced strong trade and moderate monsoon.

THE Messageries Maritimes Co's steamer Ville de La Ciotat, 2,220 tons, Captain C Flaschi, arrived in harbour yesterday from Marseilles, 5th August, with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Soeurs Maria de Jesus, Maria Emilia Marie Genevière, Marie Therese, Mr W H Thyne, Mr Fienburg, Mr Tapissier, Mr R P Mughier, Mad. Berg and 3 infants, Mr and Mad. Sibbald, Mr N S Sodhi, Mr L a Bhatt Mr Greeber, Soeurs Vullay, Roch, Fumay, Emerine, Delasist, Theurist, Henry, Santie, Locorbere, Fabre, Mr Maxwell Mad Adamalle, Mr Adamalle, Mr Bijay Singh, Mr Mahomoud and Mr M N Krishnaji.

STORM WARNING.

The Port Officer, Bombay, has received the following telegram from the Meteorological Department, Simla, dated 20th instant, 11 hour, 54 minutes,

"Storm Signal. Cyclonic storm is crossing head of Peninsular, which is likely to give strong winds at Port Hoist cautionary signal.

MEN-OF-WAR AND ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

IN GOVT. DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast	Quayle	Royal Navy
R I M S Clive	Comdr W G Beauchamp	R I Marine
R I M S Dalhousie	Comdr E J C Hordern	R I M
Investigator	Comdr T H Heming	R I M
Torpedo Boat No. 100	.....	.....
Do No 102	.....	.....
Do No 103	.....	.....

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—AUGUST 20

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination Date.	Agent.
Landaura	2157	MacLean		M M & Co
Dentschland bq	768	Nacoda		The Captain
Ellora	1494	Forbes		M M & Co
Culna	1464	Kirkham		M M & Co
Byculla	1035	MacGregor		M M & Co
Alice (ship)	106	Lopicque		Captain
Shahnoor	2198	Raffin	Cochin	F E Tajbhoy
Vadala	2164	Williams		M M & Co
Baroda	2198	Hill		M M & Co
Okara	3439	Trouson		M M & Co
Labuan	2294	Gardner		W & A Graham & Co
Bhandara	2215	Forbes		M M & Co
Sutherland	2217	Wallace		
Nerbudda	1964	Stunt		M M & Co
Secunder	1073	Brebner		H S Sidick
Ville de La Ciotat	2220	Flaschi	Australia 21-8	M M & Co

VESSELS IN DOCKS.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Shed. Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination	Date.	Agent
D Sultan	1781	Glogner	Zanzibar	20-8	A Strandes
F Fulwell	2381	Brown	Hamburg, &c.	22-8	M M & Co
H Courland	760	Esmail	Repairing		Shep'd & Co
K Kinshin Maru	2389	Harrison	Japan	26-8	N Y Kaisha
L Eden (ship)	444	Milner	Singapore	22-8	Barodawalla
O Lismore	3329	Sloane	Dunkirk	22-8	Ralli Bros
P Kangra	1478	Skinner	P Gulf	25-8	M M & Co
Alongside, H Satrunji	517	Ahmed	Repairing		Shepd & Co

HARBOUR WALL.

Ponani	552	Mohamed	Bhownagar 22-8	Shep'd & Co
Sabarmati	524	Ebrahim		Do
Indravati	513	Mohamed		Do

VICTORIA DOCK.

Shed. Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Destination.	Date.	Agent.
1 Australia	2,92	Tait	Mar's	22-8	W & A Graham & Co
3 Massilia	2744	Cockman	London	22 8	P & O Co
4 Coromandel	2763	Mostford	China	26 8	P & O Co
6 E F Ferdinand	843	Matecvich	Kobe	23-8	A L S N Co
7 Pekin	2 22	Longdon	China	20-8	P & O Co
8 Dido	3127	Pickering	Hull	30-8	F M & Co
9 City of Delhi	2325	Elliot	Karachi	22-8	K N & Co
10&11 Steinberger	2311	Feltrup	Karachi	23-8	Glade & Co
12 Mazagon	3280	Hall	Kobe	29-8	P & O Co
14 Dumra	763	Rickford	Karachi	23-8	M M & Co
15 Dwarka	739	Nielson			M M & Co
16 Henzada	1311	Cunningham			M M & Co

MEREWEATHER DRY DOCK.

Peninsular	2913	Cobitt	Aden	29-8	P & O Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
20	Secunder s	Brebner	Mauritius, Aug 6
	Dwarka s	Nielson	Karachi, Aug 18
	Ville de La Ciotat s	Flaschi	Marseilles, Aug 5

DEPARTURES

Aug.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
20	Como s	Schuldt	Antwerp
	Belgravian s	Williams	Liverpool
	Kasara s	McDiarmid	Persian Gulf
	Sultan s	Glogner	Zanzibar, &c.
	Pekin s	Longden	Shanghai.

The following vessels entered for loading yesterday:—

Steamer Secunder, for Mauritius.
„ Chilka, for Calcutta, &c.
„ Vadala, for Zanzibar, &c.
Ship Alice, for Mauritius.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The Anchor Line s.s. Kalitia left Liverpool for Bombay this evening.

The N. Y. K. Steamer Kagoshima Maru left Singapore for Colombo on the 19th Instant.

SUEZ, AUGUST 20.

The P. and O. Company's steamer Rome with the outward mails of the 14th instant left here at 3 a.m to-day.

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUGUST 20.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Australia s—13 bales wool S Jamshoned; 40 bales wool C Nanjee.

FOR LONDON.

Massilia s—8 bales hides R M Kooka; 20 cwts cottonseed W Sundarjee and Co; 26 cwts ivory E D Sassoon and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Lismore s—2008 cwts linseed and 4017 cwts rapeseed Ralli Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Australia s—1 case piecegoods Martin Cohen and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Fulwell s—0026 cwts rapeseed Ralli Brothers.

Steinberger s—110 bales cotton and 2000 cwts maize A Blaseck and Co; 300 bales cotton The Mofussil Co; 2 bales woollen carpets Alois Schensiger; 8 casks cowgrets 18 casks sheepgrets Meyer and Roscher; 2000 cwts cwts mowraseed 1003 cwts castorseed Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co; 1250 cwts mowraseed Volkart Brothers.

FOR BREMEN.

Steinberger s—385 bales cotton Forbes Forbes Campbell and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Steinberger s—1000 cwts wheat Karmalli Jossab and Co.

FOR KOBE.

Kishin Maru s—200 bales cotton The Mitsui Bussan Kaisha 213 bales cotton Tata and Co; 50 cwts gum M M Abdoolabhai; 141 bales cotton G Rossa and Co; 203 bales cotton Glazetro k Tejpal and Co.

Mazagon s—2000 cwts wheat Volkart Brothers; 60 bales cotton D B Lam and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

E F Ferdinand s—37 bales twist David Sassoon and Co; 500 bales twist C Ebrahim and Co.

Kishin Maru s—200 bales twist Tata and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Pekin s—200 bales twist Talati and Co.

PROPOSALS were lately formulated for the better organisation of the Supply and Transport Corps as regards the charge of stores and other services, observes the "Pioneer." It was pointed out that the existing system, under which British and Native subordinates are associated in joint charge of stores is faulty, and detrimental to the interests of the State in that it renders it difficult to fix on any individual responsibility for losses or discrepancies in the stock, or for any other irregularities. It was, therefore, proposed that the subordinates charges in the Supply and Transport Corps should be so re-allotted that each shall be held either by a British or by a Native subordinate, but that in no case shall a charge be given to the joint control of two subordinates one of either class. It was further pointed out that the emoluments of the subordinates of the Supply and Transport Corps are not commensurate with their responsibilities, and are generally insufficient, and it was recommended that their remuneration be made to accord with the extent and importance of the charges which they may hold. With this object it was definitely urged that a charge allowance, which will vary from Rs. 20 to Rs. 100 a month, according to the importance of the charge, should be attached to each post. The Government of India, with the approval of the Secretary of State, have now sanctioned the foregoing proposals, which are estimated to involve an extra expenditure of Rs. 1,68,920 a year.

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4th " " 40 words a minute, 2 Weeks' Study
11th " " 120 " " 4 " "
21 Lessons to completion, learned in 6 weeks.
With a view of quickly introducing it into Bombay and getting fully established, the fee to completion, if paid in advance and enrollment this month of August, will be Rs. 20.
Postal Pupils the same terms. Circular on application. Note : Each lesson takes but ten minutes and pupils may come at any hour between 9 o'clock and 7 o'clock.—WARWICK PEELE Principal.

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CRUSHED HORSE FOOD best in the market, Rs. 5 per cwt., delivered free in Bombay. Special Mixtures, Bran, Gram, Barley, New Zealand Oats, Australian Chaff, Pressed Hay, etc., supplied at lowest rates consistent with good quality.
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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

*** All communications intended for publication in our columns must be addressed to THE EDITOR and not to any individual member of the staff.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, AUGUST 21, 1903.

BENGAL UNDER SIR JOHN WOODBURN.

An admirable addition to the history of Bengal under the Lieutenant-Governors has been made by Mr. S. R. Hignell, C.S., in the form of a supplement to the annual general administration report, which is devoted to a review of the administration of the Lower Provinces of Bengal during the Lieutenantr Governorship of Sir John Woodburn. It is an excellent idea—giving to the public under official authority the record of an administrator's official acts. Provincial journals undertake to do much the same thing, except they are more critical than historical as a rule—instead of being both. Mr. Hignell's compilation has a flavouring of criticism, but the sauce cannot be termed piquant. The work should, therefore, be regarded as an appreciation rather than a review of his Honour's administrative career. Great activity characterised the operations of the Survey and Settlement Department during Sir John's period of office. The Orissa and Chittagong settlements were brought to a conclusion, as were those in the Khurdah Government estate in the Behar districts of Champaran, Muzzaffarpur, and Saran, and in the estates of the Raja of Hill Tippera in the districts of Tippera and Noakhali. At the end of the period important operations were being carried on in Durbhunga where they are approaching completion, in Monghyr, Backergunge, the Porahat estate in Singbhum, in certain private estates in the Santhal Parganas, in Gaya, in the Damini-koh Government Estate, and in the Ranchi district. As regards the Wards and attached estates it is reported that the condition of the tenantry was on the whole good and their relations with the managing agency satisfactory. At the close of 1901-02 there were 186,747 estates in the three classes in the provinces and the relations between landlords and tenants were on the whole satisfactory. The Bengal Tenancy Act worked smoothly and its provisions are every year becoming better known.

The chapter devoted to legislation is not a long one. No fear need ever have been entertained of Sir John Woodburn legislating the people off the face of the earth. The only Act passed by the Bengal Legislative Council during his Honour's term of office was the Calcutta Municipal Act of 1899. Several minor ones were passed dealing with the powers of the Police and quartering forces on disturbed areas, while another facilitated the transfer of the export trade from the Calcutta jetties to the Kidderpore docks by authorising the Commissioners for the Port of Calcutta to make special arrangements with respect to goods passing through their hands, by which they would undertake a greater responsibility for the loss, destruction, or deterioration than that which was previously imposed upon them. Settlement and tenancy matters also received legislative attention. Sir John took an active interest in Police reform recognising that the department was unsatisfactorily administered. Indeed he came to the conclusion, after an inquiry, that in no branch of the administration was radical reform so imperative. Reforms were carried out. The administration of justice was also improved upon, and the surplus to Government from civil litigation ran up from forty to fifty-five lakhs. We do not suppose that Sir John's friends would claim any credit for him on that score, but it is solemnly recorded that the health of the prisoners in the jails improved during his term of office. He did take an interest in their employment however, and caused the discipline in jails to be made more rigorous. He lent his support to the Volunteer movement and had sound views on the Lascar question. He had also to take into consideration the efficiency of the administration of the Port Trust, and appointed a Commission to make an investigation. The result was that the general and sweeping charges of mismanagement brought against the Commissioners were disproved, but some imperfections were laid bare, and these were quickly remedied.

On the whole it is shown that the period of Sir John Woodburn's administration was one of agricultural prosperity. Crops were good except in one or two places in Orissa and Chota-Nagpur where relief works became necessary for a time. Wages for the most part remained stationary, though in a few localities they showed some rise in consequence of a special demand for labour, as, for example, in connection with the coal-mining industry and railway extensions. Luck was not always unfailing during Sir John's administration for two disastrous natural calamities occurred during his period of office—in 1899. The former of these was the landslip in Darjeeling and the latter the heavy floods in the Sonthal Parganas and the Bhagalpur district. Much loss of life and damage to property resulted, but since then efficient measures have been taken for the protection of Darjeeling. Bengal was fortunate in escaping the adverse influences which depressed the trade of India while Sir John Woodburn presided over her destinies, and altogether his connection with the Lower Provinces was particularly auspicious. Education was improved, public works grew, the finances were strengthened, the health of the people received the utmost care and attention, and his capital sprung from second place in point of population to first. Calcutta will, we think, endorse Mr. Hignell's conclusion that Sir John's administration was eminently sound, practical, and beneficent, and when at last he fell at his post, a victim to duty and self-devotion, he could look back upon a period which, if it included no great and far-reaching reforms and no brilliant feats of statesmanship, was marked by steady progress and prosperity and a series of wise and useful measures carried out in almost every branch of the administration.

THE WASTE OF TIME AT CRICKET.

THERE is, perhaps no cricket writer at the present time whose articles attract more attention and are so popular with the cricket-loving public as those of Mr. W. J. Ford. His erudite knowledge of cricket and facile pen enable him to treat upon matters pertaining to the game in a style which is equalled by few and surpassed by none of his contemporaries. His magazine articles in particular are brightly written productions and immensely popular with students of cricket lore. One of the very best productions from Mr. Forde's pen is an article in the August number of the "National Reveiew" which treats upon the "waste of time at cricket." Mr. Ford strongly deprecates the unnecessary waste of valuable time and the dawdling that of late years has been identified with county cricket, and which in his opinion is largely responsible for so many matches being left unfinished. By county rules there are six hours and a half of play on the first day, and seven on each of the others, twenty hours and a half in all. From these must be deducted, (1) for luncheon, two hours and a quarter ; (2) for intervals between innings, half an hour ; (3) grace-time for thirty-six batsmen, seventy-two minutes. Thus there has to be deducted, for purely legal allowances, four hours and twelve minutes, not a second of which is ever saved, and there is left sixteen hours and eighteen minutes for actual play, supposing that everything is regulated by gong. A trifle is saved if an innings terminates exactly when an interval begins or exactly at the call of time, but time is lost if a wicket falls five minutes before a recognised pause. A match that lasted for the full hours would probably be played on a wicket that was good throughout, and with scoring at the rate of 60 runs an hour would produce nearly 1,000 runs. Probably 70 runs per hour would be a fairer estimate, when the aggregate would be about 1,150 ; but what proportion of matches reach these figures ? The figures, fallacious though figures are, hint that the full time is seldom expended. Facts, however, confirm figures, and Mr. Ford commenting on this remarks :—"The fieldsmen leave the position punctually as the clock strikes ; it is time, but it wastes some time to set the field, and rarely if ever is the first ball bowled till five minutes after the appointed time. Does any say, 'What matter five minutes ?' The answer is that even five minutes might turn an unfinished game into a finished one ; but, if this be regarded as 'niggling' there is the further retort to hand, that in three days there are actually nine starts to be made, unless innings and intervals happen to coincide, so that as five times nine are forty-five, five and forty minutes are lost instead of five. That is a big period. Next comes the time lost if the batsmen come in late ; I venture to say that never less than three minutes elapse between the ball that gets one wicket and the first ball that the incomer receives; this adds up to thirty-six minutes ; also a big period. In all, by little unpunctualities we have lost eighty-one minutes, and have less than fifteen hours to play : deduct three tea intervals, about forty-five minutes all over, and time lost while bowlers bowl six or seven balls down to stretch their arms, one of which balls may go to the boundary, say another fifteen minutes in all, and we find our time of actual bowling and batting reduced to something less than fourteen hours, and I think that my estimates have been calculated on a very moderate scale. Roughly speaking, we have lost by unpunctuality and waste no less than two hours and a half. Other statisticians might make it more, few would make it less, for it is the necessity of multiplying small figures by big ones that brings about such serious results." There will be very few cricketers who read Mr. Ford's article who will not be prepared to endorse his remarks.

THE HEALTH OF THE CITY.

AN increase occurred last week in the total mortality of the city of Bombay of some 67 deaths. The mortality amounted to 559, and the death rate per thousand per annum was 37·45. The increase, however, was wholly accounted for by heavy mortality from diseases of the respiratory system and by another rise in the number of deaths from plague. In view of the sudden change in the weather this is not at all surprising, and it is still satisfactory to note that compared with last year and the average for this particular period the death rate is very low. Last year in the corresponding week the death rate was 43·48, six points in excess of that rate for the past seven days. During the past five years the mean total of deaths in the corresponding period has amounted to 864 and the death rate to 55·91. The present figures are thus better by 305 than the average, and the average death rate has been no less than 18·46 in excess of that recorded this week. Plague has very little bearing on the statistics one way or another, so that an immense improvement is manifested in the state of the city's health generally. The number of plague deaths increased last week by twenty-one, and there were 42 more fatal cases than were reported in the corresponding period of last year. However, the mortality is now below the average for the time of the year. One unfortunate feature of the epidemic, however, is that the disease appears to be disseminated over the whole of the city. Very few districts can claim immunity this week so far as fatalities are concerned, and this gives rise to the fear that when climatic conditions are once more favourable for the spread of the scourge not the least abatement in its ravages may be hoped for. There were about the usual number of deaths from fever, but the mortality from diseases of the respiratory system was very high last week. The present season is of course notoriously unhealthy in this respect, and compared with past figures the present total is not unusually excessive. But for the increase this week the death rate would have worn a much more satisfactory aspect. There were four deaths amongst the European community.

CROP PROSPECTS IN BOMBAY.

A GOOD many districts of the Presidency of Bombay have for a short time past been anxiously looking for a break in the rains, and the latest reports show that their desires in this respect have been gratified. Although the rain has not altogether ceased the excessive downfalls which characterised the first real break of the monsoon and which in some districts caused damage to the crops have now given place to scattered showers. The situation in Sind is very satisfactory. The jowari and bajri crops are thriving, and there is a plentiful supply of fodder and water. The transplantation of rice is very nearly completed in all districts, and cultivation is progressing favourably. In the Upper Sind Frontier district there are complaints that grasshoppers and caterpillars are damaging the growing plants, but cultivators in other parts of the province have nothing to complain of. The heavy rain which threatened serious damage in Ahmedabad has now ceased in that district, and an average of less than half an inch was recorded last week. In other parts of Gujarat the rainfall has been normal and beneficial. Cultivators are still occupied with the transplantation of rice, and the sowing of jowari, bajri, and cotton has been completed in most places. The growing crops are in good condition in all districts and the prospects of the season appear to be excellent. In the Konkan the crops have so far progressed that weeding has now commenced. Conditions are excellent, and there are no complaints from any quarter. In Thana young locusts still linger, but they have done no damage, and a few remain in Nasik. In the Deccan, and especially in Poona, the crops would be benefited by further showers. The standing kharif crops are doing well at present, but they will need more rain to put them beyond risk of deterioration. In the Southern Mahratta Country cultivation is progressing normally, and as a rule conditions are excellent. In a few places the crops have been slightly damaged by excessive rainfall.

SIR EDWARD LAW, who is on a short tour in Bombay, visited the Bombay Custom House yesterday evening.

THE Bank of Bombay yesterday reduced its rate of interest on demand loans on Government Paper to 3 per cent.

THE Italian Government announces that it is making arrangements to expedite the transfer from Naples of the mails from India and Australia.

THE troopship programme for the coming season has been arranged. The first ship of the season is the Soudan, which arrives at Bombay on the 2nd October with the 1st Royal Lancaster Regiment. She leaves on the return journey on the 14th October, conveying the 1st East Kents as far as Aden and thence taking on the 2nd Dublin Fusiliers to England.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending August 18 was 559, giving a death-rate of 37·45 per annum per thousand as against 43·43 the corresponding period of last year, and 55·91 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 52 died from fevers ; 77, plague ; 3, small-pox ; 1, measles ; 0, cholera ; 0, leprosy ; 52, phthisis ; 38, diseases of the nervous system ; 192, affections of the respiratory organs ; 28, dirrhœa ; 13, dysentery ; 32, still-born ; 110, old age and debility ; 8, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Jain, 19 ; Brahmin, 93 ; Lingaet, 5 ; Bhattia, 9 ; Hindu of other caste, 274 ; Hindu low caste, 43 ; Musalman, 138 ; Parsee, 21 ; Jew, 1 ; Native Christian, 13 ; Eurasian, 3 ; European, 4 ; Negro-African, 1 ; Buddhist, 0 ; other and unknown castes, 0. The total number of births was 320 as against 349 the corresponding period of last year, and 250 the average over the past five years.

TYLDESLEY and Braund have accepted for the Australian team. Lilley has refused, and Fry is still undecided. The Home Press are still discussing the team.

MR. JOHN RADBURNE, of Thrupp Grounds, Northamptonshire, died at his residence in his hundred and first year. Mr. Radburne was born and lived all his life in the house in which he died.

THE Merthyr stipendiary holds that a court, or alley, is not a public place within the meaning of the law. A man summoned for using obscene language in a court off Taff-street got the benefit of this decision.

OWING to the members of the St. James' Reformed Church of Girardville, Pottsville, U.S.A., finding themselves in financial difficulties, their church was recently put up to auction. The building realised £160, and will be used as a factory.

AN invention by which an outbreak of fire is automatically signalled to the nearest fire station has been perfected in Naples. The signal is sent by wireless telegraphy, and the dwellers of the building are simultaneously alarmed.

AT Childe Okeford, Dorset, a horse, startled by a motor-car, bolted down a hill and jumped over a bridge. It was drawing a wagon at the time, and was strangled before it could be released, the wagon remaining on the bridge.

ONE of the lions of a menagerie in Sternberg, Austrian Silesia, was ailing from toothache, and a local medico undertook to extract the tooth. He entered the cage, accompanied by the trainer and two attendants, and the tooth was out in one minute.

CHARLES BOOTH, a saloon-keeper of Atlanta, U. S. A, has taken to religion as a result of the temperance party's fight to clear the town of drinking dens. He stands behind his bar and greets each customer with a suitable quotation from the scriptures while the barman is handing out refreshments.

MAJOR G. H. G. MOCKLER, 30th Burma Infantry, who has been appointed to command the new Coolie Corps, now being raised for service in Somaliland, was one of the officers who came under very prominent notice during the operations of the Allies in China in 1900. Owing, in the first instance, to his extraordinary gift of languages Major Mockler was appointed Chief of Police at Tientsin. At that time the settlement was overrun not only by ruffians of every nationality, but was garrisoned by troops belonging to various armies, large numbers of whom had got quite out of hand owing to the excesses they had been permitted to indulge in on landing. Major, then Captain, Mockler took the settlement very strongly in hand. He organised a police force, and presently law-breakers found that they got a very short shrift. For a few weeks the Chief of Police went in daily danger of his life. One attempt at assassination nearly succeeded but in the course of a month or two, while the rest of Northern China was still in an uproar, Tientsin became a model town. The officers of the Foreign Powers found some difficulty in believing than the terrible Chief of Police was a mere Captain in the Indian Army.

AMID DONEGAL'S WILD HILLS.

PERSIAN CARPETS AND IRISH GIRLS.

BY AN IRISHWOMAN.

THE brilliant rugs and carpets woven by the deft fingers of women and girls in remote Persian villages after a method old as Babylon, have always been highly valued by those whose wealth enables them to gratify their taste for rare and beautiful things.

Away in the wild mountain passes of Donegal are Irish peasant girls who, with fingers as deft as those of their Eastern sisters and an eye for colour even truer and more artistic, are able to produce on the self-same kind of loom as used in Persia rainbow-tinted rugs and carpets which rival, if they do not surpass, in colour and design the products of the Oriental looms.

Their Majesties, as they voyage along the west coast of Ireland southwards could not fail to be struck by the wild grandeur of the scenery. The long Atlantic rollers break with thunderous roar on the stern, rock-bound coast ; while inland, giant mountains lift their savage peaks to heaven. It is grand—inexpressibly grand ; but, at the same time, wild and desolate.

Scattered thickly over these mountain wilds are the humble homes of a race unequalled, perhaps, in the world for their endurance, their patient and unrequited toil ; for what can the wretched patches of barren, stony soil or of bog which constitute their holdings yield save the most miserable of crops ?

The virtue of these people, writes an Irish woman in the "Daily Express," is as stern as the hills which surround their homes. Inured from childhood to privation of all kinds, leading lives of unremitting toil, with none of the comforts or pleasure which brighten life and lighten labour, yet clinging with passionate love to the land of their birth ; such are these Donegal peasants, a grand people physically and morally, gifted in richest measure with all the best qualities of the Celt, but chained by the strong fetters of grim poverty.

Of late endeavours have been made to develop a new field for their industry.

AT KILLYBEGS.

A factory has been established at Killybegs by Scotch manufacturers for weaving "Persian" carpets and rugs. The venture has been most successful, and large numbers of girls and boys are employed in the new industry.

The peculiarity of these carpets is that they must be entirely made by hand and by the method which may be seen illustrated in the paintings on Greek vases more than 2,000 years old.

The tufts or mosaics of small woollen squares are tied by the fingers in knots into longitudinal warps which are stretched between two long parallel beams. The designs is placed in front, and the girls, varying in number according to the size of the carpet, as many as twelve sometimes working at the loom, select the colours indicated row by row, these are then tied and bound down by "shoots" of woollen weft drawn across the entire width, and beaten down by small heavy iron toothed combs.

These hand-tufted carpets are exquisitely beautiful.

The girls employed at the work have displayed artistic skill, both as regards colour and design, such as has astonished their instructors.

The carpets can be made to any size and shape. Purchasers can, also, if they so please, have the carpets woven according to any design which they may select.

The unqualified success which has attended the venture, has encouraged the promoters of the industry to increase their efforts. They have planned to extend the industry all over the west of Ireland, thus affording profitable employment to hundreds of young people.

FOR THE FARMERS' PROFIT.

One important feature of the new industry is that it will give wonderful impetus to the rearing of sheep by the Donegal farmers. The carpets are made entirely of wool, and it is part of the scheme that all the wool used in their manufactures shall be spun from the fleeces of sheep reared in these mountain regions.

It has been calculated that in a few years the fleeces of 10,000 score of sheep would be required annually.

The factory at Killybegs affords accommodation for more that 400 workers, all living within a radius of two miles.

Being situated on a branch line of the Donegal Railway, and having an excellent harbour, Killybegs has been chosen as the chief centre of the industry.

For those girls who live too far away to attend a factory, a simple arrangement has been contrived by means of which, after having learned the art, they can take the frame looms away into the seclusion of their mountain homes. Who can tell how much the artistic instincts of these childen of the mountains may be quickened by the magical effects of light and shade on those mighty peaks ?

One of the Donegal carpets was presented to Queen Victoria on the occasion of her last visit to Ireland. King Edward has also been pleased to order five of them for the royal yacht, and some of these lovely carpets are also in Buckingham Palace.

Wherever these beautiful productions are known, they are highly appreciated, especially by lovers of things artistic. Orders have been received at Killybegs from the highest decorative art critics in England and America. The Donegal "Persian" carpets have undoubtedly a most successful future before them.

ERIN DOLLS.

Another new industry which has sprung into existence in Ireland within the last few years is the Erin doll industry, started by a clever Irishwoman, who has discovered a method of making unbreakable dolls.

Taking as her model various distinguished personages she faithfully and artistically reproduces their features. Thus we have perfect models of the King, the Queen, Prince Edward of Wales, Lord Roberts, etc. Different types of nationalities are also accurately reproduced. In every instance the utmost care and attention are paid to every detail of dress characteristic of the individual or type of individual which it is sought to represent.

These "Erin dolls" are known far and wide, and are to be found in the nurseries of the highest in the land, the Princes of Wales being among the first to recognise their merit by purchasing some of those shown at the sale of Irish work held in Londn on St. Patrick's Day.

So numerous are the orders received that it is almost impossible to keep pace with the demand. Although all the features are modelled by one hand, the making of these dolls finds work for scores.

Lady Dudley has paid a visit to the Dublin depot. Her Excellency displayed the keenest interest in all the details of manufacture and manifested her appreciation of the new industry by giving an order for a number of dolls to be specially modelled according to her directions. It is hoped that Queen Alexandra, who has always given her hearty support to Irish industries, will buy some Erin dolls.

BENJAMIN KOWACZ and his two sons, three of the most notorious horse thieves in Hungary, quarrelled about the division of recent spoil. Kowacz sen. shot one son dead, whereupon the other son, fearing a similar fate for himself, killed the father and departed with the whole of the plunder. He was caught a few hours later.

HEARING strange cries in the cellar of her home in South Broadway, St. Louis, Lena Bertz, a pretty fourteen-year old schoolgirl, went down to ascertain the cause, and was fiercely attacked by a wild cat that had been driven there by the floods. The girl, horribly torn and mangled, was at length rescued by her parents, and the wild cat escaped.

FOUR policemen of the Stirlingshire police force, in charge of a disrict in Grangemouth, have been arrested on a charge of several burglaries. Extensive depredations had been in progress, and the police had special instructions for patrolling the scene of the robberies. No arrests were, however, effected, and an inspector and sergeant, setting a watch, the four policemen were themselves arrested.

TELEGRAMS.

(THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.)

RUSSIA AND THE PORTE.

THE POWERS AND MACEDONIA.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

Russia yesterday presented supplementary demands of a political nature to the Porte.

The movement of the Russian Squadron is now producing alarm at Constantinople where it is believed to portend further demands.

The Russian Squadron anchors at Iniada Bay, 80 miles to the north-west of the Bosphorus.

LONDON, AUGUST 20.

It is announced at Rome that tht Italian Government has resolved to act in accord with the Powers in Macedonia.

The Italian fleet has been ordered to concentrate off Sicily in order to be nearer to Turkish waters if the Powers decide to send squadrons thither.

THE BALKAN TROUBLE.

OUTBREAK OF ALBANIANS.

SITUATION AT SALONIKA CRITICAL.

LONDON, AUGUST 19.

The Albanians have broken out seriously between Monastir and Uskub. A reign of terror exists at the latter place.

The situation at Salonika is critical, and the Consuls there have demanded protection.

The telegraph line between Sofia and Constantinople has been cut.

The Metropolitan at Salonika has received a message from the inhabitants of Krushevo, stating they are being terribly maltreated and that some have succumbed. No mention is, however, made of a wholesale massacre.

JAPAN AND RUSSIA.

The leading Japanese newspapers strongly denounce Russia's action in Korea, and declare that Japan must show Korea that her patience is exhausted and also demand an explanation from Russia.

THE COMING YACHT RACE

LONDON, AUGUST 20.

The Shamrock was remeasured yesterday and receives an allowance of 117 seconds.

ATTACK ON A BRITISH CONVOY NEAR ADEN

The Arabs have attacked a British convoy proceeding to Dhalla from Aden and captured the stores.

THE MONTREAL CONGRESS.

A partial deadlock has taken place at the Montreal Congress. The Manchester delegates dissented to the terms of the commercial policy resolution mentioned yesterday, and desired the addition of words stipulating that due consideration should be given to the fiscal and industrial needs of the component parts of the Empire with a view of avoiding injury to any.

The matter was referred to Committee which refused to alter a single word of the Resolution.

Sir William Holland, on behalf of Manchester thereupon moved an amendment giving effect to the modification, and a protracted debate ensued.

COUNTY CRICKET.

Gloucestershire has beaten Worcestershire by 100 runs.

The following matches were drawn :—

Middlesex vs. Lancashire.

Leicestershire vs. Hants.

Derbyshire vs. Warwickshire.

Yorkshire vs. Essex.

THE PLAGUE IN INDIA.

MORTALITY STILL INCREASING.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 20

The plague mortality continues to rise owing to the grave increase which is taking place in Western and Southern India. Last week there were in all 6,817 deaths, an increase of nearly one hundred per cent. on the total of the previous seven days. The Bombay Presidency had 5,568, Mysore 535, Hyderabad 178, Madras Presidency 108, Central India 331, Berar 67, the Central Provinces 18. Punjab 6, and Calcutta 6. The whole of the rest of India is now clear.

THE MEMORIAL TO LORD AND LADY NORTHCOTE.

WE are desired to intimate that a meeting of the Committee will be held in the Durbar Room of the Town Hall to-day at 5-30 p. m, when it is hoped all members will endeavour to attend.

THE Rangoon Director of Public Instruction has issued a circular that Burmese pupils in all schools in Burma will bow slightly with folded hands in the customary Burmese fashion on passing the head master or class master or inspector of schools. The circular also says that it should be impressed on Burmese pupils that Burmese etiquette is to be followed in all cases outside and is not to be replaced by any institution of European customs. Orders regarding the wearing of shoes are to be rigidly enforced and any violation will render the pupils liable to punishment and the class master to a fine. On Monday 550 out of 600 pupils belonging to the Government Collegiate School have absented themselves in consequence of the circular.

LORD AND LADY NORTHCOTE.

BALL AT GANESHKHIND.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 20.

The members of the Governor's band gave a ball last night at Ganeshkhind this being the last occasion to witness by their Excellencies. The expenses of the ball were borne by themselves. At first it was intended to have it on the open ground, but the evening being too wet and it was raining intervally it was decided to have it in the Mess Room. Nearly 200 ladies and gentlemen were present. Their Excellencies Lord and Lady Northcote, accompanied by Captain Greville, Surgeon-Major Beevor, and Captain Crawford, arrived shortly after ten o'clock, and remained there while a set of lancers was danced. Before leaving, his Excellency, speaking on behalf of her Ladyship and himself, said he was very glad to see so many present. He regretted the elements had interfered with the original arrangements, but both he and Lady Northcote were pleased to observe during the little time they had been here that all were enjoying themselves. He congratulated those who had made the arrangements, and concluded by wishing every one an enjoyable evening. Their Excellencies went round the room, and spoke to many of those present They inspected the arrangements made for the supper, and left with cheers. Dancing was then resumed, the Oxfordshires supplying the music.

GOLF AT POONA.

Yesterday's competition in the Golf tournament was a foursome match of one round of the links. Two prizes were competed for, which were presented by the Club. Fifteen couples competed. The light was not very good owing to heavy clouds hanging, which made play somewhat difficult, and six couples tore up their cards. The following were the results:—

Colonel Bromfield and Major Anderson, handicap, 6 strokes, all square, won the first prize ; Major Walker and Captain Kemble, 5 strokes, 3 down; the Hon. Mr. Edgerley and Mr. Fry, scratch, 5 down ; Mr. Muir-Mackenzie and Mr. Boyd, 2 strokes, 5 down; the Hon Mr. Tate and Mr. Morison, 8 strokes, 5 down ; Mr. Keating and Mr. Fawcett, 11 strokes, 6 down ; Sir Robert Low and the Hon. Mr. Fulton, 13 strokes, 7 down ; Captain Laing and Mr. Brown, 9 strokes, 7 down ; and Mr. Wroughton and Mr. Giles, 7 strokes, 10 down.

MR. RENDALL'S CONDITION.

POONA, AUGUST 20.

Mr. Rendall has less fever and passed a good night yesterday.

THE SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

HALF YEARLY INSPECTION.

The half yearly inspection of the Southern Mahratta Railway began from to-day. Mr. Jones, Consulting Engineer, accompanied by Colonel Burn Murdock, Agent ; Mr. Mackenzie, Chief Engineer ; Dr. Chevoi, Chief Medical Officer ; Mr. Fox, District Engineer ; Mr. Lindsey, District Traffic Superintendent ; and Mr. Clarke, District Locomotive Superintendent, started from Hubli by a special train and inspected a portion of the line between Hubli and Poona, including the Kolhapur State Railway, and arrived in Poona this evening.

The Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the formation of a new company by the Southern Mahratta Railway for the purpose of constructing a line from Bezwada to Masulipatam, about 50 miles in length, also from Kuraool Road Station to Kurnool Town, 30 miles. These branch lines will act as feeders for the Southern Mahratta Railway.

S. M. R. VOLS.

ENTERTAINMENT TO MR. HARRISON.

Major Harrison, Adjutant, Southern Mahratta Railway Volunteers, goes to join his regiment at Burma on the 10th proximo. The non-commissioned officers and men gave a ball in his honour on the 17th instant.

Major Harrison was entertained at dinner by the officers of the corps.

FAMINE RELIEF.

SIMLA, AUGUST 20.

There are now only 213 persons on relief works and 12,357 on gratuitous relief in the Central Provinces.

THE BERARS.

The following press communique was issued to day :—The Secretary of State has sanctioned the Government of India's proposal to attach Berar for administrative purposes to the Central Provinces, and arrangements for giving early effect to it are under consideration.

THE INDIAN RAILWAYS.

PROPOSED FORMATION OF A CHAMBER.

The home boards of the principal Indian railways having agreed to the formation of a Chamber of Indian Railways as recommended by the Conference which assembled in Calcutta last year a conference may not improbably be held here this autumn to work out the scheme in detail, the general idea being to have a body independent of Government, formed of representatives of the management of the principal lines to settle all matters in which joint action on the part of different railways is desirable. This conference has nothing to do with the consideration of Mr. Robertson's report which is before the Government of India,

POSTMASTER-GENERAL, PUNJAB.

Mr. Clarke, of the United Provinces Civil Service officiates as Postmaster-General, Punjab, vice Mr. Stewart Wilson who acts as Director-General during the absence of Mr. Kirch on privilege leave.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 20.

Captain Tringham, of the Queen's Regiment, has been selected for Brigade-Major to the Inspector-General of volunteers.

Brevet-Lieutenant-Colonel Butler, 6th Dragoons, has been appointed to command the 5th Dragoons, and ordered to join.

It is notified that officers of the Indian Army who may in future be promoted to the substantive rank of Colonel will be struck off the rolls of their regiment with effect from the date of such promotion.

The employment is sanctioned of Captain B. Vincent, R. A., with the Japanese Army.

THE COMING TROOPING SEASON.

A programme of sailings for the trooping season of 1903-04 has been arranged and sanctioned. The following are the outward sailings from Southampton to Bombay. The Soudan leaves on the 9th September, with Cavalry drafts and the 1st Royal Lancaster Regiment, from Malta, and arrives on the 2nd October. The Plassy leaves on the 23rd September, with the 1st Battalion, Oxford Light Infantry, and Cavalry and Artillery drafts, and arrives on the 15th October. The Sicilia leaves on the 3rd October, with the 2nd Battalion, North Staffordshire Regiment, and Artillery and Infantry drafts, and arrives on the 26th October. The Assaye leaves on the 14th October, with drafts, and arrives on the 5th November. The Soudan leaves on 21st November, with drafts, and arrives on the 14th December. The Plassy leaves on the 28th November, with drafts, and arrives on the 21st December. The Sicilia leaves on the 9th December, with drafts, and arrives on the 31st December. The Assaye (via Cape Town and Mauritius) leaves on the 23rd December, with R. and T Batteries, R. H. A., and the 4th, 38th, and 78th Batteries, R. F. A., and drafts, also Nos. 68 and 101 Companies, R. G. A., from Mauritius, and arrives on the 5th February. The Soudan leaves on the 2-th January, with the 1st Royal Dragoons and drafts, and arrives on the 19th February. The Plassy leaves on the 5th February, with drafts, and arrives on the 27th February. The Sicilia leaves on the 11th February, with drafts, and arrives on the 28th March.

The following are the Homeward sailings : From Bombay to Southampton :—The Soudan leaves on the 14th October, leaves Aden, 24th October, with the 1st East Kent Regiment to Aden and the nd Battalion, Royal Dublin Fusiliers, from Aden, and arrives on the 11th November. The Plassy leaves on the 24th October, with the 2nd Battalion, Oxford Light Infantry, and details, and arrives on the 16th November. The Sicilia leaves on the 4th November, with the 1st Battalion, North Stafford Regiment and details, and arrives on the 26th November. The Assaye leaves on the 13th November with details and arrives on the 5th December. The Soudan leaves on the 23rd December with details, and arrives on the 14th January. The Plassy leaves on the 1st January, with details, and arrives on the 23rd January. The Sicilia leaves on the 8th January, with details, and arrives on the 30th January. The Assaye leaves on the 16th February, with H. and K. Batteries, R. H. A., the 31st, 35th, and 55th Batteries, R. F. A., Nos 42 and 43 Companies, R. G. A., and details and arrives on the 9th March. The Soudan leaves on the 26th February (leaves Aden on the 7th March), with No. 51 Company, R. G. A., for Aden, No. 45 Company, R. G. A, from Aden, and details, for Home, and arrives on the 24th March. The Plassy leaves on the 8th March, with details, and arrives on the 30th March. The Sicilia leaves on the 7th April, with details, and arrives on the 29th April.

The move of the 5th Dragoon Guards to South Africa, and of No. 89 Company, R. G. A, from Hong Kong, will be carried out by freight ship on a date to be fixed hereafter. The move of the 1st Hampshire Regiment, from Aden to England, will depend upon whether an extra battalion will be required at Aden or not.

[illegible] 20.—Maxwell, Lieutenant, Bombay, R. E., returning from [illegible] Boundary Commission, from Aden,

Hitchins, Lieutenant, Bombay, S. and T. Corps, on leave from Poona.

Hewat, Colonel, Bengal, H. P., late R. H. A., proceeding to England from Meerut.

Waters, Lieutenant, Bengal, R. A, M. C., on leave from Landour.

Campbell, Major, Bengal, 18th Bengal Lancers on sick leave from Nowgong

DEPARTURE, AUGUST 20.—Martin, Captain, Punjab, 1st Somersetshire Light Infantry, on sick leave to England.

THE BOMBAY SERVICES.

In consequence of the reversion to British service of Captain F. DeB Hancock, Assistant Political Agent, Second Grade, with effect from the 29th June, the following reversions are ordered :—Captain E. O'Brien to be Assistant Political Agent, Third Grade. Captain H S. Strong to be Assistant Political Agent, 4th Grade. Lieutenant R J. C. Burke to cease to hold a substantive appointment in the Political Department, but to continue to act in that Department.

Major J. Davies, Political Agent, Fourth Grade, and Captain W. M. P. Wood, Assistant Political Agent, Third Grade, have been permitted to return to duty within the period of their leave.

Lieutenant-Colonel R. Southey and Major F. J. Fowler, 30th Baluch Infantry, held charge of the current duties of the office of Cantonment Magistrate, Hyderabad, in addition to their own, from the 21st to the 25th May and from the 26th May to the 6th July, respectively.

Lieutenant-Colonel H. D M. Minchin, Cantonment Magistrate, Poona and Kirkee, has been allowed an extension for three weeks of his leave.

Mr. A. H. M. Ostrehan, Fifth Grade Superintendent of Police, has been permitted to return to duty within the period of his leave.

Mr. H. B. Clayton, I. C. S., becomes Assistant Collector, Thana.

Mr. G. D. Panse, Collector of Kanara, is allowed privilege leave for one month.

Mr. F. J. Varley, I. C. S., acts as Collector of Kanara during the absence on leave of Mr. G. D. Panse, or pending further orders.

The following appointments are made : The Reverend H. W. Nelson to be Chaplain of Colaba vice the Reverend H. T. H. Rountree proceeding on furlough. The Reverend S Leigh-Lye, B. A., to be Chaplain of Ahmedabad vice the Reverend H W. Nelson.

The Reverend J. H. Beck, M.A., to be Chaplain of Aden Camp.

Mr. J. G. Covernton, M.A, Educational Inspector Northern Division, has been allowed to return to duty within the period of his leave.

A VISITOR in Kashmir, who was in Srinagar when the floods came down, writes to the "Allahabad Paper," expressing surprise that there has been so little recognition of the part played by the Maharaja personally in face of the crisis. "No human being could have done more, says our correspondent, "than he did to meet the situation. He personally aided English ladies and gentlemen on the fatal 24th July, both at the European quarters and at the hotel. He superintended the removal of his sepoys to a place of safety, gave his private boats and boatmen, and hired all others available for the use of homeless families. Though strongly advised to leave his riverside palace for the Fort, he elected to remain with his people, and to the destitute among them he threw open the main portion of the palace (the Shergari) together with the surrounding gardens—a shelter of which hundreds took advantage. The late abnormal rise in the price of food grains has been felt most severely by a large class in Kashmir, and this flood intensified the distress, raising food stuffs to famine prices To those too poor to buy, for many days the Maharaja gave freely from his own mudikhana—cooked food and dry rations, and this kindly provision still obtains. His Highness keenly feels the suffering which must accrue with the coming winter, should the high bazar rates continue, but is endeavouring to mitigate the present serious difficulty of obtaining the necessary supplies. He has also appointed a Committee to carefully estimate the losses caused by the flood and has promised most liberally to help the poor to rebuild their lost homes."

THE MAHOMEDAN OXFORD OF INDIA.

A STORY which no Mahomedan and few Englishmen will be able to read without emotion is told by Mr. Theodore Morison in his recently published pamphlet on the Mahomedan Anglo-Oriental College, Aligarh. Mr. Morison traces the history of the college from its foundation by the late Sir Syed Ahmed in 1877, through the struggles of the early years of its existence when the Mahomedan community was still uncertain about supporting it, until the present day when it has grown into a great and flourishing institution, drawing scholars from all parts of India and even from Persia and Afghanistan.

The college was intended to help Mahomedans by affording them an English public school education, upon modern lines, without depriving them of their hold upon the tenets of their faith, or alienating their sympathies from the customs of their fathers It started practically without endowment and supported only by the energy of its enlightened founder, who in 1883 was joined by that remarkable man Mr. Theodore Beck. It was often in need of money. At one time the defalcations of a trusted clerk reduced it to the verge of bankruptcy, but the little band of enthusiasts that Sir Syed Ahmed and Mr. Beck gathered around them kept the missionary flame alight. The infection spread to the scholars who banded themselves together into a society, which called itself "The Duty," to raise funds during the holidays for scholarship for poor students and to remove the prejudice which long existed in Mahomeden circles against the College. In 1892-93 a sum of some twelve hundred rupees was collected by these poor boys by begging, and to-day "The Duty" has an invested capital of Rs 31,841, and sends deputations of students to every province of India and even to Persia. During the last annual vacations as much as Rs 18,158 was collected, the bulk of the work being still done voluntarily by the students themselves.

Walter Raleigh, T. W. Arnold, and T. Morison are amongst the distinguished home university men that Theodore Beck gathered around him for the work. Boarding houses, lecture halls, and class rooms have been built. The boys have been taught cricket, football, riding, and athletics at the same time that they have learnt English, Arabic, Science, and Latin, and that they have attended the services in the school mosque where a reverend Moulvi attends to their spiritual needs. The beating that the Aligarh Cricket Team gave to the strongest eleven that Simla could put into the field, last year, is one sample of the results. More striking still is the reputation that the college is attaining. "To have been an Aligarh man," wrote Sir Aukland Colvin in 1892, "is, I have over and over again found, a passport to the respect and confidence of both, Englishmen and natives. They carry with them the stamp of their training, the impress of the mind of the man under whom that training has been accomplished." Sir Syed and Mr. Beck have died, but the work has been carried on by men no less devoted than themselves. The enthusiasm is spreading to the Moslem community generally, and is making Aligarh a great power in the land politically as well as from an educational standpoint. The institution still lives to some extent from hand to mouth ; its buildings and its teaching staff are inadequate for the seven hundred students who are now under education within its walls, but a more stable financial position than even before has been reached, and there is good prospect of further notable development.

The college is affiliated to the Allahabad University, up to the B. A. standard, and secures a phenomenal number of degrees, and it is felt that the time has come to make it more independent. Roughly speaking one quarter of the Moslem graduates of all India in every year are educated at Aligarh. It is proposed to make it into a Moslem Oxford which shall attract students from the whole of the Indian Empire and from Turkey, Persia, Afghanistan, Arabia and the furthest confines of the Mahomedan world and teach them throughout the whole of their [illegible] as propounded by his Highness the Aga Khan, at a conference held last January at Delhi, is to raise a crore of rupees for the work. Subscriptions are being actively collected and the outlook is hopeful.

A great Mahomedan university at Aligarh based upon the sound principles and supported by the missionary zeal which have been at the root of the success already achieved would give a new lease of life to the best kind of Mahomedanism throughout the world. Oxford and Cambridge are both religious foundations. It is upon a religious basis that discipline can be most effectively maintained and high ideals realised. Private generosity has passed the unnatural nondescript associations which have hitherto done duty in India as universities, altogether by. There is reason to hope that devout Mahomedans would often leave their wealth to an institution which afforded training in the best traditions of the faith they cherish. The Mahomedan Council of the Aligarh College is able to interpose for the regulation of the lives of its Mahomedan students in a way that no alien syndicate could attempt. A university run on similar lines could do the same only to an even more useful extent. It would be a bulwark against the rising tide of atheism which is sapping the ancient faiths of the East. The attempt is worthy of the traditions of Aligarh, and directed by men of the stamp of Mr. Morison there is good hope that it may succeed.

SATARA NOTES.

OUR Satara Correspondent writes :—Continuous rain during July made the station very dull, all amusements except Badminton being impossible. Up to this a tennis tournament and two cricket matches have fallen through. The Baronet Club who were to have visited us for some reason scratched, and now we hear that Dharwar are unable to raise a team for next month. This is especially unfortunate as we had hoped to give a good account of ourselves, the first half of our team at least being strong, including as it did Mr. John and Captains Gore and Ross. The latter, a fine bat and good bowler, has now gone to Somaliland, and his loss is much to be regretted.

At present an American Tennis Tournament is in progress, and the pairs being on the whole very equal some good games have been the result. Though not as yet finished it seems a good thing for Miss Parker and Captain Gore who have played very steadily.

Our members always small have unfortunately further dwindled lately. Especially do we regret the desertion of so many ladies who have been tempted away to larger and more lively stations. We feel this to be a reflection on our powers of entertainment. Had they but endured the lean days of July they would perhaps have been in some measure rewarded for their constancy since rumours of a Gymkhana, paperchases, and further tennis and badminton ournaments have reached our ears.

THE HENRY DALLAS COMPANY.

"THREE LITTLE MAIDS."

THIS tuneful little piece was produced last night before a very satisfactory house at the Novelty Theatre by the Henry Dallas Musical Comedy Company. As in their previous performances this week the company were in every way successful. They gave a capital rendering of the piece, and the evening was exceedingly enjoyable. Mr. Percival Knight took the part of "Lord Cheyne," a character which does not give him so much opportunity of displaying the broader side of his wit as some of the roles he undertakes, but still there were few dull moments when he was on the stage. Mr. Frank Cochrane was again in excellent voice, and sung well in the role of "M. de l'Orme' and Mr. Albert K. Rees made a brusque and engaging "Brian Molyneux." The "Three Little Maids" found their counterparts in Miss Alice Wade, Miss Jessie Campbell, and Miss Grace Ray, and all sang, danced, and acted in a manner which well sustained the reputation they have already made for themselves in this city. The rest of the company are also to be congratulated on the manner in which they assisted to make the performance successful.

A CAREER OF CRIME.

AN ENTERPRISING INDIVIDUAL.

THE Delhi Police have in custody a dangerous thief and forger named William Gore, aliases Gorey Grey, De Monte and Medallist. He was born of native parentage, his father being a Gore Barahmin and his mother a Gurkha woman. He is now about twenty-five years of age, has typical Gurkha features high cheek bones, flat face and nose and thick sensual lips. He commenced his career of crime in 1897 by committing a theft in Secunderabad, for which he was sentenced to two years' rigorous imprisonment. He had not been out of gaol for more than five months, when he was again convicted for a similar offence and was awarded three months hard, in the same goal. Having obtained an unenviable notoriety in this quarter, he sought fresh fields and pastures new and repaired to Jubbulpore. Having looked around for a likely place to break into, he again tried to replenish his pockets at other people's expense, but was caught red-handed in the act and received a year's hard labour. Before the expiration of his term of imprisonment he effected an escape, but was recaptured and received a further six months. The Jubbulpore goal apparently not being secure enough for him, he again made an escape in 1900 and was at large for some time. Unfortunately for him his description was sent all over the country and the police being on the qui vive recognised their man, and he found himself an inmate once more of the goal where another ten months were added to his sentence; and this time did not regain his liberty without official consent. His next move was to Lucknow, where he made the acquaintance of others of the same character as himself. He now prepared for crime with violence, and possessed himself of fire arms. This was fortunately detected in time and he received a month for their illegal possession. The police there recognising him as a shady character kept him under their surveillance. He very soon justified their suspicion, and under the name of De Monte committed a theft, was detected and sentenced to six months' rigorous imprisonment, his previous convictions being probably unknown to the police. After serving his time, and hearing of the Great Indian Durbar, he thought this a grand opportunity of combining pleasure with business, and came to Delhi. Being in need of money, he forged a cheque for £151 signing the name of William, tourist, and making it payable to S. P. Joseph, on the Delhi and London Bank, Delhi. On Gore presenting the cheque personally the Bank honoured it, and with this tidy little sum he proceeded to Ranikhet, where his father, a retired postal official, resides.

Having plenty of money and nothing to do, he as a natural sequence, fell in love with a Miss Peters and after a short courtship, married her, and took her to Bombay for their honeymoon. The trip being expensive and his stock of rupees running low, Gore again forged a few cheques, which he had managed to get in the course of a few successful burglaries, and now having plenty of money once more, he again came up-country, Mrs. Gore being in delicate health, went to the hills, Ranikhet, and stayed with her father-in-law, Mr. Gore senior. Gore not feeling the necessity of a hill climate, stayed at Meerut, where by the help of a rubber stamp he had purloined at Rustomjee's Cycle Mart, he soon passed a few more worthless cheques on Meerut's unsuspecting merchants. Finding Delhi paid better than any other place he again honoured it with a visit, little dreaming that the well-trained sleuth-hounds of the law in Delhi were equal to, and superior, to even his craft and cunning.

Attempting to pass a forged cheque on Barakat and Co., gave the police their opportunity. He was arrested at the railway station, and being searched, his trunk was found to contain a number of cheque books, and his pockets were full of forged cheques signed with the different aliases he had assumed. At the inquiries that followed, Gore volunteered to deliver up an accomplice in Bombay. He was accordingly sent there, but this being only a clever ruse to escape, he jumped out of the carriage window, while the train was in motion, between Nawal and Rohe, two stations near Mount Abu. The Deputy Inspector, Boota Singh, who was in charge of the prisoner, pluckily tried to follow, but being a man of large proportions, and his waist being encircled with a thick regulation belt, was unable to do so. The carriage door being locked, he and the one constable on escort had perforce to wait until their arrival at the next station. Police communication was at once established, and the whole district closely watched. Gore in meanwhile had divested himself of all superfluous clothing; and having despatched himself [illegible] and mud, in the disguise of a fakir, tried to make his escape to another district. This attempt failed, the district being roused and the police on their mettle. Not knowing that his father's occupation and address were known to the police, Gore wired to him at Ranikhet for money in Roman Urdu. This led to his re-arrest. He was brought back to Delhi and is now awaiting his trial on a number of charges, including offences since discovered in addition to those already mentioned.—"Pioneer."

THE PRIEST AND THE WOMAN.

A DISCIPLE KILLS HIS GURU.

ON Friday night at Kasanilia, a place about a mile from the Howrah Courts, a shocking murder was committed by one Hari Sadhkhan, the victim being his 'guru,' Fakir Chand Dass. The deceased was hacked to bits with a 'dao' at the house of the murderer, under the following circumstances :—

The guru was a follower of a sect of Hindoism, called Kirtabhaja, and his assailant and his wife, among others, were his disciples. The weekly meetings, or 'bytaks,' used to be held on Fridays at the house of the murderer, who was a wealthy shop keeper of the locality. At these meetings pujahs and other ceremonies were performed. The guru was generally looked upon by the assembly as a being of divine origin, and as such was worshipped by his disciples. He was said to possess supernatural powers of curing hopeless diseases by the touch of his feet on the patient's forehead, and so forth. Recently, the murderer suspected an intrigue between his guru and his wife, and, it is said, he brought a dao to avenge himself. On Friday evening when the guru went to his house to hold the usual weekly meeting, Sadhkhan said he was unwell, and that the meeting had better be postponed to a later day. The guru agreeing, left the house, but entered his disciple's bedroom by a back door, where he was entertained by the wife with sweets. The husband, who was on the alert, heard some whispering inside his bedroom, which was bolted from inside and armed with his new dao, called to his wife to open the door. On the door being opened the guru tried to rush out of the room and escape, but he could not escape the vigilance of the revengeful husband who dealt him a severe blow on the neck. He still attempted to run away, but he was hotly pursued by his assailant and at last secured in a tank into which he had fallen. He was hacked in several places and lay apparently dead in a pool of blood when the murderer left him and went for his wife who, in the meantime, had shut herself inside a room and raised a hue and cry. The neighbours assembled at the spot but found the assailant gone. As the life of the guru was not then extinct, he was removed to the Howrah Hospital but before he could be admitted he expired. Police Inspector Mathews held an inquest and made the necessary enquiries. The accused is still at large.

BOMBAY IMPROVEMENT TRUST.

The Tenders for the 60 Lakhs Loan of 1903 were opened yesterday with the following result :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Total amount tendered for	1,50,21,500	0	0
Total Tenders accepted.....	60,00,000	0	0
Total sum payable.....	60,14,991	14	0
Average rate of issue	100	4	0
Tenders above Rs. 100-3-0 agri-gating.....	49,50,000	0	0

The Balance of Rs. 10,50,000 was allotted pro rata to tenderers at Rs. 100-2-0.

ON the eve of her wedding day Maria Colli, a young girl of Milan, donned her bridal dress, and tried to kill herself by inhaling coal-gas. Then, the desire to live getting the upper hand, she struggled to reach the window. Her veil caught fire on the gas-lamp, and she was burned to death.

THE initial stages of the work of erecting a national memorial of the late Queen in front of Buckingham Palace and at the head of the Mall, has commenced in real earnest. A small army of workmen has already removed the iron railings at the Palace end of the Green Park, cut down a number of trees in the Mall, cleared the upper end of the Park of its shrubs, and dammed with blue clay the upper end of the ornamental lake.

EUROPEAN NOTES.

THE FAR EASTERN QUESTION.

A KISHINEFF ENQUIRY.

KING LEOPOLD AND THE CONGO.

LONDON, JULY 31.

Russia's aggressive activity in the Far East is in nowise abated. Russia makes "no pretence" of evacuating Manchuria ; Russian 'reinforcements are constantly arriving." So says the most alert and best informed of observers in the Far East—the Peking Correspondent of "The Times." A review of the week's very voluminous news proves two things (1) that Russia's uninterrupted advance southwards through Manchuria, and Russia's movements on the Korean frontier are exciting the Japanese to war heat, and (2) that bureaucratic Russia, thinking she must fight the Japanese, also thinks she must fight before the Japanese preparations are complete. Military Russia appears to hold the Japanese Army of no more account than the Turks hold the Bulgarian. But Western experts (American included) believe that the two Army Corps—each of 30,000 men—which Japan could land on the Asiatic shore in little more than a fortnight, are far superior to the Russian hosts in discipline, equipment, education, and intelligence, and professional and patriotic spirit. Two short quotations from the Anglo Japanese treaty will be the best answer to a very common and wholly mistaken impression that England would be bound to assist Japan in the event of a war between the latter and Russia. Here they are :—If either Great Britain or Japan, in the defence of their respective interest . . . . should become involved in war with another Power, the other high contracting party will maintain a strict neutrality and use its efforts to prevent other Powers from joining in hostilities against its ally. If in the above event any other power or powers should join in hostilities against that ally, the other high contracting party will come to its assistance, and will conduct the war in common, and make peace in mutual agreement with it.

The "other" Power which, conceivably, might take sides with Russia is, of course, France. But if in France, as in all other lands, professional warriors might welcome the prospect of a fight, what would the French people say ? The opinion of the French people is, without a doubt, that of the ninety Senators and Deputies who have come to this country to advocate the substitution of friendly consultation for the savage, stupid logic of the sword. In the telegrams and articles on the Far East question which have appeared during the week in the Continental, no less than in the English Press, there has been nothing more pleasant for reflection than the universal suggestion of a pacifying influence as a result of the inter-Parliamentary Conference, and of the gracious innovation introduced into international intercourse by the King of England and the President of the French Republic. Not, by any means, that President Loubet and King Edward have created the feeling against war. The feeling has been growing independently of them. They have only seized a psychological moment for giving it overt, general expression. The growing detestation of war is but one symptom, among many, of the advance of democracy. And it is growing fast. It seems but the other day that (according to bureaucratic outlook) we were on the verge of war with France about a boundary in Siam. Still more recently the bureaucrats, especially the military men, were ready for a campaign about eighteen pennyworth of rotten african swamp. In July, 1903, they would have been universally laughed at. The next step—and a study of foreign opinion shows that it need be neither difficult nor remote—is to give practical effect to Baron d'Estournelle's and the French Deputation's impatience with "the ridiculous paradox of armed peace."

The news of the [illegible] Kishineff outrage is incredibly reading. Every newspaper reader remembers Mons. Plehve's indignant denial of official Russia's complicity in or approval of, or acceptance of the massacre of the Kishineff Jews. Yet the Russian Minister of the Interior never speaks on the subject but he contrives to bring the guilt of that hideous atrocity to the bureaucratic door. The Minister has just received a deputation of peaceful, respectable, loyal Jews from Odessa. And for their pains he has given them the grim threat of expulsion of the entire Jewish race from the Czar's dominions. If you don't turn over a new leaf, says, in effect, the Minister of the Interior that will surely be your fate. In Russia there are four million Jews. Their expulsion would be a long process. But what of the "inquiry"? It is true that the Public Prosecutor caused the arrest of a thousand persons. It is equally true that the thousand were in no way armed that those of them who have been "tried" have openly professed their reliance upon bureaucratic sympathy ; that some magistrates have given intimidating hints to witnesses who knew too much and were not afraid to say it ; that others have declined to investigate cases of criminal assaults upon women ; that some of the investigators have themselves been denounced as leaders in the persecution. It reads like a story of law and justice in a Turkish court. Yet official Russia admonishes Turkey on her malpractices. If the Turk's material strength were on a part with his humour, he might remonstrate, with his powerful neighbour, against the Kishineff atrocities. Servia was not a powerful neighbour, and so the Turk gave the Servians to understand that he was horrified at their assassination of Alexander and Draga.

When this crime was perpetrated, the Belgradians and the Sofiotes made the jocular remark that now Coburg must be shaking in his shoes. It came readily to so many persons' lips ; just as if the thought had long been familiar as if Coburg's unpopularity were a fact which no one disputed. Coburg is Prince Ferdinand's common name in the two little States. It means unpopularity for the most part—and in the mouths of many who use it, hatred and contempt. Two days after the Obrenovitch murders the Servian papers published the startling news that Coburg had taken to flight, because of a military revolution in Sofia. The latest news from Belgrade—that of Coburg's second flight deceived no one who knew the character of newspaper enterprise in Belgrade. But the latest Russian deliverance on the subject of the Coburger is really important. Yet it has escaped the notice of the critics. Russian official journals have just begun to foresee evil consequences from what they rightly call the Prince's unpopularity. They see danger in the prospect of his interference with the recent law which made the tenure of administrative posts independent of ministerial changes.

The Paris "New York Herald" publishes an interesting statement, dated from Ostend, on Congo affairs which, if appearances are not deceptive, comes directly or indirectly from no less an authority than King Leopold himself. It is a reply to the charges alleged to have been made by Duke Johann Albrecht of Mecklenburg to the German Chancellor concerning certain matters in the Congo Free State The correspondent of the "Herald" says:—It must be understood that while the King of the Belgians, who is, after all, the proprietor of the Congo Free State and its ruling spirit, does not court attack he is not in the smallest degree afraid of any attacks which may be made. The attitude of the King is to disclaim entirely the idea that the Congo Free State is dependent upon the allied Powers. He holds, on the contrary, that it is his property, bought with his money, given over by him to his country, and no more responsible to the other countries than the other countries are responsible to Belgium My high authority considers that the charge made by Duke Johann does not come from that personage at all but is inspired by a certain Consul out of employment. There is no necessity, said my authority, for us to publish any accounts concerning the Congo ; but we do so because it pleases us. All kinds of thoroughly uninformed persons come forward and make wild charges. The missionaries are there also hard at it. They see civilization being brought into the Congo and making rapid strides, and because it is not due to them alone they are angry and resent its

progress. They want to have all the credit. What do all these people want who are crying out against the Cango. Apparently to bring in anarchy where order resigns. Do they imagine that the country was stolen. Not a single tract of country was taken without a treaty in perfect order with the natives. There was no question of spoilation.

Some interesting statistics are contained in M. Messimy's preamble to a proposal for the reorganisation of the French Army. He shows that from every million inhabitants the French Army takes 5,620 recruits, the German Army 4,120, the Italian Army 3,120, the Russian Army 2,812, the Austro-Hungarian Army 2,670, and the English Army 1,170. The difference to the disadvantage of France is enormons, and is likely to become greater every year in proportion as the birth-rate remains inferior to that of other nations. Moreover, to take 5,620 recruits annually for every million inhabitants it is necessary to accept many weaklings, with the result that in 1901 the mortality in the French Army was terrible that of the German Army. Examining the financial sacrifices which are entailed by the excessive armaments of Europe, M. Massimy says that the military expenditure amounts in France to 1,270 million francs, or 35 per cent. of the total expenditure ; in Russia 1,300 million francs, or 25 per cent. ; in Germany to 1,200 million francs, or 21 per cent. ; in Austria to 475 million francs, or 17 per cent. ; and in Italy to 400 million francs, or 17 per cent. ; and in Italy to 400 million francs, or 22 per cent. The military budget in France absorbs 1,270 million francs, while the civil expenditure is only 1,220 million francs. The military budget in Germany amounts to 1,200 million francs and the civil expenditure to 2,000 million francs. Italy spends 400 million francs on her defences, and 600 million francs on civil matters. The conclusion to be drawn from these statistics is that disarmament is becoming a necessity for France, and that it is natural that the French people should be favourable to the conclusion of arbitration treaties.

A sensation was caused in the Lower House of the Hangarian Dict on Tuesday by a statement of M. Zoltan Papp (Kossuth Party) to the effect that M. Dienes, a former Deputy, had offered him the sum of 12,000 kronen (about £500) if he severed his connection with the obstructionists and left Budapest. M. Dienes, he added, had retained 2,000 kronen as commission. The 10,000 kronen which M. Papp had accepted in order to be able to prove the attempted bribery he laid on the table of the House. M. Lovasky annunced that inquiries had been made of the editor of the Magyar Orszag as to the price to be paid for the cessation of the support given by this journal. M. Toth moved the appointment of a Parliamentary Committee of inquiry into the affair. The motion was unanimously adopted. The sitting was prolonged until early on Thursday morning. At midnight M. Polonyi rose to speak. He declared that the House could not continue to sit, as Wednesday's sitting came to an end at twelve o'clock, and a sitting for Thursday had not been called in due form. "If," explained the speaker, "the Government party wishes tocommit an illegal act we will leave the place. M. Polonyi and the obstructionists then withdrew from the House, singing the national anthem amid the clapping of hands by the majority. Count Apponyi, President, who was then not in the chair, declared that he accepted the Premier's motion, and protested against the charge that irregularities or a violation of the rules of the House had been committed in the course of the sitting. The Premier's motion to proceed to the discussion of the Indemnity Bill was then adopted, a quorum of members being present, and the House adjourned until one o'clock on Friday. It is reported that the Public Prosecutor has instituted proceedings for defamation of the Government against ex-Deputy Dienes, who handed 12,000 kronen to M. Zoltan Papp for his promise to leave Budapest. The Liberal newspapers consider that Count Khuen Hedervary, the Premier, by the disdainful silence with which he met the unworthy insinuation that an attempt at bribery had been made by the Government, has most nobly refuted that calumny. While acquiescing in the appointment of a committee of inquiry, the Premier, it is declared, purposely refrained from replying by a single syllable to the insinuation of bribery.

The Sacred College is in a perfect panic, which bids fair to overstep everything else in interest, the Cardinals feeling less keen even over the Conclave, and all this excitement is about so small an object as a ring. The Fisherman's ring is not to be found. It has been looked for high and low, their Eminences themselves even joining in the search without result. It is absolutely denied at the Vatican that it has been stolen or even lost; it has only been so well put away that none can find it. Four years ago Leo XIII, was very much surprised one day to have a servant kneel before him, who produced from his pocket the Fisherman's ring. "My son," he said, "you have rendered the Church a great service," and most characteristically gave him 12s. as a reward. After this he carefully put the ring away, no one knew where, so afraid was he of losing it again, and from that day to this it has never been seen. Although of little of no value in itself to the Church, it is most precious, and to it is attached centuries of tradition and cermony. No Pope, as far back as is known has ever been elected without having this ring slipped on to his finger, and no Pope except Leo XIII. has died without having it drawn off and broken. Will the next Pope have to forego this ceremony? Its intrinsic value is only a very few pounds, and still, its loss has upset the Apostolic palace so that there is visible uneasiness.

CRICKET.

DHARWAR HIGH SCHOOL vs. UNION BACHELORS CLUB.

A cricket match was played on Sunday between the Dharwar High School Gymkhana and the Union Bachelors Cricket Club, Dharwar, and ended in a victory for the latter. Scores :—

D. H. S. GYMKHANA.

Thargundi, c Rubin	5
Jattar, b Sungar	10
Phanshalkar, s Pundari	3
Karaka, b Sungar	1
Desai, not out	24
Muzumdar, b Sungar	0
Jhosi, c Ratna Row	2
Oomdi, b Raghaviah	2
Kankanavadi, b Raghavian	0
Mengalvadi, c Ratna Row	2
Singeravalu, b Sungar	0
Extras	12
Total	61

U. B. C. C.

M Pundari, c Thargundi	10
Sellika i, b Desai	2
Sungar, c Muzumdar	1
K Raghaviah, c Gathar	15
Rubin, b Thargundi	3
Jhadav, s Karaka	0
M Jagannatha Row,) b Desai	9
P Sreeramulu, b Desai	3
Oodayavar, b Desai	17
K Ratna Row, c Thargundi	2
Haldipur, not out	2
Extras	12
Total	76

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS. Good Spirits. Everyone has frequently experienced sudden personal changes from gaiety to gloom. The wind and weather oftentimes receive the blame when a faulty digestion is alone the cause of the depression. Holloway's Pills can be honestly recommended for regulating a disordered stomach and improving digestion. They entirely remove the sense of fulness and oppression after eating. They clear the furred tongue, and act as a wholesome stimulant to the liver, and a gentle aperient to the bowels. They healthfully rouse both body and mind. Holloway's Pills are the best antidotes for ant of appetite, nausia, flatulency, heartburn, nguor, depression, and that apathy so characteristic f chronic derangement of the digestion.

A COUNTERFEIT COINER SENTENCED TO TRANSPORTATION.

APPEAL TO THE HIGH COURT.

MR. S. L. BATCHELOR, Sessions Judge of Ahmedabad, in June last, convicted Khusal Magan of counterfeiting King's coin and sentenced him to transportation for seven years. An appeal by the accused was heard at the High Court on Monday before the Hon. Mr. Justice Chandavarkar and the Hon. Mr. Justice Aston.

It appeared that from private information received, Inspector Jeffriss and other police officers and a "panch" raided the accused's house in the Ghelkanta quarter of Ahmedabad about 9 p. m. on the 30th May last. The house was found locked from the inside, but there was a hole in the door to admit the string of a wooden rod which served to fasten the door. Peeping through this hole, the chief constable and the panch saw the accused sitting by a lamp working with his hands at what appeared to be earth in an iron mould. The chief constable, in a feigned voice, called out to accused by name to open his door. The latter did so, and the whole party entered, the clothes of the police having already been looked at by the panch. On entering the ground floor room the party found a lamp burning in a sigdi; and a large collection of coiner's tools and appliances scattered about the floor round the spot where accused had been sitting. Among the principal things may be mentioned a mould containing two good King's rupees of 1903, an earthen chatty with water, three false unfinished King's rupees of 1903; a tree containing four bad rupees three being King's rupees of 1903; an earthen crucible which was placed over a fire in a grate and which contained two bad and spoiled rupees of 1903 and some metal a bellows, scissors for cutting metal, knives pincers etc. The first floor of the house was unoccupied but on the second floor the accused occupied another room, in which were found a mould and a large coil of tin. The panchnama was then written out, and the accused was taken into custody. The accused admitted that all these things were found in his house and that no witness had any reason to speak falsely against him. It was further proved that accused was, at the time of the raid, a complete stranger to the witnesses, he having come to Ahmedabad from Gaekwadi territory some two years ago. The accused alleged that he had let his premises to one Manilal Motilal for coining purposes, and that the things discovered were placed in the house by Manilal. Even if this explanation could be accepted' said the Sessions Judge, it would in itself serve to show that accused was one of a coining gang, but Mr. Batchelor thought it was fairly clear that the story was only a desperate attempt to palliate guilt by getting some one else to share it. Manilal Motilal is a young Bania police constable, who said he did not even know the accused. It was in evidence that Manilal had nothing to do with this case or with the information that led up to the raid. Accused did not mention Manilal or any other person whatsoever at the time of the raid. Moreover, the police and the panch witnesses proved that a lamp and a fire were burning in the downstairs room, that the accused was sitting by the lamp, working the earth in the mould, and that his hands were stained with light coloured earth like that in the mould. The offence of coining, Mr. Batchelor said, was both very profitable and very difficult of detection. In a large commercial centre like Ahmedabad it must be firmly suppressed, the more so as there was simple reason to believe that it was prevalent. The accused was convicted and sentenced as mentioned above.

Their lordships, looking at all the evidence, dismissed the appeal.

AN IDOL AND ITS PUNJARIS.

SUIT IN THE HIGH COURT.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Russell, presiding at the High Court, yesterday, heard a suit brought by Bhugwan Ramjee and another against Bhutt Vallabhram Ratneshwar and others, in which the plaintiffs asked that the defendants might be ordered to vacate and give possession to them of a portion of the house in dispute, and that defendants be ordered to pay damages for the wrongful withholding of the premises from the plaintiffs. The Hon. Mr. Scott and Mr. Davar, instructed by Mr. K. D. Shroff, appeared for the plaintiffs; and Mr. Lowndes and Mr. Strangman, instructed by Messrs. Bhaishanker, Kanga, and Girdharlal, appeared for the defendants.

The plaintiffs' case was that the first plaintiff was the owner of a house at Kandawady, the second plaintiff, Mr. Merwanjee Muncherjee Cama, being the mortgagee of the property; who was appointed receiver in the suit brought by him against the first plaintiff. In one of the rooms of the house was installed an idol, the private property of the first plaintiff, who had appointed the first two defendants as its punjaris, removable at his pleasure. The defendants refused to vacate the room though they had been called upon to do so; and hence the present suit was brought.

The defendants denied that their father was, as alleged, appointed a punjari by the first plaintiff. They said that, since the establishment and dedication of the temple of Maruti and Vithoba on the premises in question, one Hurjivan Dewat during his life time, and his son Muljee, after his death, were in occupation of the room where the idol was placed. They denied that they were appointed punjaris by the first plaintiff. The ejectment suit brought against their father was in respect of another room in an adjacent chawl; and the exparte decree in that suit was not binding upon them. They denied that the first plaintiff was the owner of the house, which was the property of one Champavati, who, in the year 1859, built a temple thereon, placed the idols of the deities Vithoba, Rukhsmani, and Ganpati in a portion of the premises, and dedicated the same to charity. In 1871, Harjivan Dewat, uncle of the defendants, established a shrine of Maruti in the "subha mandap" of the temple with the consent of Champavati, and worshipped the deity, and enjoyed the income thereof till his death. They submitted that the mortgage of the property was inoperative and invalid. The idol referred to in the plaint was not the private property of the first plaintiff; and under the circumstances they submitted that the suit should be dismissed with costs.

The hearing of the case was proceeded with.

VICTORIA MEMORIAL SCHOLARSHIPS.

Since the last list was published in January, Lady Curzon has received the following further subscriptions towards the Victoria Memorial Scholarships Fund :—

19TH LIST.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Amounts acknowledged in previous lists	6,68,510	8	8
From Mrs Comfort	275	0	0
From Mrs Meiklejohn through Lady Robertson, Bangalore	100	0	0
From Burma through His Honour the Lieutenant Governor (In addition to the Rs. 20,292-10-0 acknowledged in 14th list	1,435	1	0
From Kumar Ghanada Nath Choudhuri Bahadur of Rajshahi through Colonel T H Hendley	300	0	0
From ladies of Purnia through the Editor Sanbani, Calcutta	15	6	0
From Ranchi R. neal	99	0	0
The last Thakur Hari Singh of Devoli Rajputana through Thakur Sheonath Singh	500	0	0
From Hazaribagh Bengal through Babu Girindra Kumar Gupta	500	0	0
Grand Total to Date	6,71,784	15	8

THE CITY MORTALITY.

The Municipal Office returns for the twenty-four hours ending at 6 a.m. yesterday give the following results :—

Wards.	Plague. Attacks.	Plague. Deaths.	Deaths from all Causes.
A Upper, Middle and Lower Colaba, Fort Northern Fort Southern and Esplanade	3	2	8
B Mandvi, Chuckla, Umarkhadi and Dongri	5	3	17
C Market, Dhobi Talao, Fanaswady, Bhuleshwar, Khara Talao and Kumbharwada	4	4	17
D Khetwady, Girgaum, Chowpatty, Walkeshwar and Mahalakshmi	0	0	4
E Mazagon, Tarwady, 2nd Nagpada, Kamatipura, Tardeo, Byculla, and 1st Nagpada	3	4	22
F Parel, Sewri and Sion	2	1	4
G Mahim and Worli	0	0	6
Water Division	0	0	0
Non-Resident and Unknown	0	0	0
Hospitals	0	1	6
Total	17	15	84
Total plague deaths to date	262,418	214,735	
Same date last year	8	4	101

BEAUTY AND HYGIENE.

For health, beauty, and luxury, use the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," which, Lady Constance Howard writes, is "pleasant to use, and whitens and softens the Skin." Also Testimonials from Countess Bathurst, Lady White, Viscountess Exmouth, Lady Dorothy Nevill, and many others. Delicately perfumed. Warning.—When buying the "Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap," see that name and figure head of "Albion" are on the wrapper. Sold by all Chemists, Grocers, &c.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 21.

Before the Hon. the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon. Mr. Justice BATTY.

1247,02—Sorabji and J—John Joseph de Silva vs John Joseph de Silva and others—Mansukhlal J and H.

Before the Hon the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Mr. Justice B. TYEBJEE.

Appeal for hearing and final disposal.

128,03—Bhaisanker K and G—Askeran Amerchand vs Makunderao Ganesh Kitroy—Payne and Co.

1241-02—Tyabji D and Co—Gosami Shri Pursotamlalji Vithalraiji Muharaj vs Jadawji Purmanand and another—Wadia and G.

1250—Hiralal D—Commercial Bank of India Ld and another vs Javerilal Changanlal Javeri and another.

1253—Nicholson E F—Ross Arthur Leslie Moore vs Haji Hassum Haji Mahomed—Bicknell M and M.

2?5-32—Little and Co—The Hon The Advocate General vs Thomas Joseph Stranywan and others—Little and Co.

?268—Thakordas and Co—Kessamji Dossa and others vs N C Macleod—Crawford B and Co.

1,62-01 | Crawford B and Co—Hury Swandas Jagjivan 2 other vs—Aupurnabai widow and other—R P R P Mehta.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice RUSSELL.

For dismissal.

89?,01—Hiralal D—Bai Vichkore widow and another vs Baborao Ramchonder and another—Mirza and M.

9-02—Smitham B and N—John F Fernandis and others vs Brnno F Nunes—Mehta K and B.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

323-02—Balkrishna V and K—Sha Surchand Lowji vs Dulshukh Gulabchand and others—Ardeshir H D and Co.

671,01—B Raghawaya—Hurry Valsoh Lalchund and others vs Jamnadas Narandas and others—Edgelow G and W.

595,02—Chothia M B—Jetha Bhimji and Co vs Khoja Suleman Cassum Peer Mahomed—Edgelow G and W.

821,01—Edgelow G and W—Ambalal Vamalchand and others vs Rugunath Mukund and another—Kanga and P.

371,02—Payne and Co—Gopikabai widow vs Bhasker Jhoraji—R P Metha.

12?,02—Payne and Co—Thuker Madhowji Thakursey vs Khimji Jairam Muranji—Dikshit and D.

175,02—Matubhoy J and M—Chunilal Tribhowan and others vs Ujambai widow—Smetham B and N.

370,02—Tyabji D and Co—Joosub Haji Mahomed Joonas and others vs Issac Fakir Mahomed and others—Payne and Co.

830,01—Khanderao S and L—Shamrao Naran Laud vs Janardhan Kristoaji and others—Wadia and G.

320,90—Thakordas and Co—Jaikisham Gungadhur vs Run chordas Vithaldas—Edgelow G and W.

231,01—Pestonji R and K—Ruttonbai vs Mahomed Issac Haji Abdoolla and others—In person.

Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BATTY,

For Judgment.

533-02—Tyabji D and Co—The Advocate General of Bombay vs Mirza Mahomed Siraji and another—Crawford B and Co.

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Long Causes.

229,02—In person—Gomibai widow vs Oza Premji Gokuldas.

216,03—Dikshit and D—Pragji Soorji vs Pranjivan Tuljaram—Little and Co.

221,03—Edgelow G and W—Sapoorji Sorabji Dubash vs Edulji Dinsha Engineer—Mulla and M.

232,03—Ardeshir H D and Co—Kaliandas Ramji and other vs Augustin Bruel—Crawford B and Co.

188,03—Payne and Co—Framjee Dorabjee vs Mirza Alli bin Mirza Mahomed Salib and another—Tyabjee and Co.

162,03—Madhowjee and V—Jeram Laljee vs Veerbai widow—Payne and Co.

381,02—In person—Bigri Daman Donia vs D M Muryelo.

261,02—Motabhoy R N—Kaliandas Rugonbaidas and others vs Daulatram Choomtermal and others.

329,02—Mulla and M—Hormusji Jivanji Patel vs Vithaldas Meghji and others—Tyabji D and Co.

100,4499,01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Dhunrajmul Chimandas and another vs Chundrawandas Chataram and others—Bhaisanker K and G.

101,4631,01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Dhunrajmul Chimandas and another vs Chundramandas Chateram and others—Bhaisanker K and G.

105,4631,01—Ardeshir H D and Co—Dhunrajmal Chimandas and another vs Chundramandas Chataram and others—Bhaisanker K and G.

793-01—Mulla and M—Yesa Abdool Kadar and another vs Kulsambi—Tyabji D and Co.

101-02—In person—Ramagovind Bhaskar vs Purshotam Babaji Phatharia—In person.

21,01—Mansookhlal and 3—The Sunderdas Spg and Wg Co Ld Narandas Khimji—Smitham and M.

20,02—Ron er D D—Anandji Pursotam and another vs Nathoo Pregji and others—Vakil M R.

338,99—Thakordas and Co—Khimji Jairam Naranji and others vs Liladhur Huridas—Tyabjee D and Co.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, August 20.)

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

In consequence of the reversion to British service of Capt F deB Hancock Asst Political Agent second grade with effect from the 29th June the following reversions are ordered—Capt F O'Brien to be Asst Political Agent 4th grade and Lieut R J C Burke to cease to hold a substantive appointment in the Political Dept but to continue to act in that Dept.

Major J Davies Political Agent Fourth grade and Capt W M P Wood Asst Political Agent third grade have been permitted by His Majestys Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of their leave.

Lieut-Col R Southey 30th Baluch Infy and Major F J Fowler 30th Baluch Infy held charge of the current duties of the office of Cant Magte Hyderabad, in addition to their own from the 21st to the 25th May 1903 and from the 16th May to the 6th July respectively.

Lieut-Col H D M Minchin Cant Magte Poona and Kirkee has been allowed by the Secy of State for India an extension for three weeks of the leave referred to in Govt Notification No 4527, dated the 29th July 1902.

Mr A H M Ostrehan fifth grade Supct of Police has been permitted by the Secry of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr H B Clayton I C S to be Assistant Collector Thana, Mr Pango Ramchandra Bhardi to do duty as Personal Assistant to the Collector of Thana as a temporary measure pending further orders.

Mr G D Panse Collector of Kanara is allowed privilege leave for one month. H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr F J Varley I C S to act as Collector of Kanara and to be Members and President of the Local Board established for the Kanara District during the absence on leave of Mr G D Panse or pending further orders.

ECCLESIASTICAL DEPARTMENT.

The following appointments are made:—The Rev H W Nelson to be Chaplain of Colaba vice the Rev H T H Round tree proceeding on furlough. The Rev S Leigh-Lye B A to be Chaplain of Ahmedabad vice the Rev H W Nelson and The Rev J H Beck M A to be Chaplain of Aden Camp.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr J G Covernton M A Educational Insp Northern Div has been allowed by H M's Sec of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut Col H P Dimmock M R C S, L R C P, M D (Dur) I M S has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India an extension of furlough on private affairs for four days.

Lieut Col H P Dimmock M R C S, L R C P, M D (Dur) I M S has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India to return to duty within the period of his leave.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to grant an extension of service up to 31st March 1904 to Khan Saheb Sheik Mahomed Ibrahim Sub Eng 1st grade and Hony Asst Engr 2nd grade provided he continues to be thoroughly efficient and able to perform his duties.

TELEGRAPHIC FOREIGN SERVICE.

AUGUST 17.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

GREAT BRITAIN—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect, Via Suez, perfect.

CONTINENT OF EUROPE—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez perfect.

AMERICA—Via Brest perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

AUSTRALIA—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

CHINA.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect. Via Bhamo, perfect.

AFRICA—Via Aden, perfect. Via Cadis Teneriffe, perfect Via Lisbon, St. Vincent, perfect.

Cable Cayenne Pinheiros interrupted.

Cable Puerto Plata Martinique interrupted.

Cables Dominique Martinique, St, Lucia Martinique St. Lucia, St. Vincent, interrupted.

Telegrams will be conveyed frequently by steamers.

Cable communication with Martinique is open via Lisbon and Cadiz.

Telegrams will be accepted only at sender's risk.

Code addresses should not be used.

Cable Paramaribo Cayenne interrupted.

Telegrams for Dominica are subject to censorship.

Telegrams in Code may be accepted for Crete but those in cipher language are not admitted.

Cable St Vincent Granada interrupted.

Communication with Tonkin by land line restored but by cable still interrupted.

Turkish route between Bushire and Fao interrupted.

Latest dates of Foreign Messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 20th Aug. 1903.

(Difference in Longitude allowed for.)

Via.	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	19	2	18 p.m.	9	14
Teheran	20	2	18 p.m.	0	19
Suez	20	3	0 p.m.	0	9

Time occupied in the transmission h messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. 20th Ahug. 1903.

	Maximum Time H.	M.	Minimum Time, H.	M.
From Calcutta	0	55	0	2
Karachi	0	34	0	1
Madras	0	25	0	1

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case grey or white hair" to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful, as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The Mexican Hair Renewer" sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot, 23, Farringdon Road, London, England.

POONA RACES.

SEVENTH EXTRA MEETING, WEDNESDAY, 26TH AUGUST.

Entry closed at 6 p.m., on Wednesday 19th August.

Horse hurdle Handicap—Distance 1 1-2 miles over 7 flights
Vety Col Hazelton's b nth am m Madeira
H H the Kour Sahib of Patiala's bl aus g Pop6
H H the Kour Sahib of Patiala's br aus g Stoddart
H H Aga Khan and Aga S Shah's br aus g Swiftsure
Mr R M Roy's bl aus g Dundee
Mr M Pestonjee's br aus m Blue Blood
H H Sultan of Johore's ch aus g Ninepins
Mr J B's b aus h Veneda

Arab Consolation Plate—Distance 6 furlongs
Mr R R S's b n h Padlock 3 years
Mr S A Waheed's ch a c Isinglass 3 years
Mr Artin A Essayie's b a h Bikanir 14 0 6 years
Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's ch a h Golden Plover 5 years
Mr Ali Bin Talib's b a h Newmcon 11 0 aged
Mr Mustapha Bin Talib's ch a h Syndicate 5 years
Mr Ali Bin Talib's b h a Conaught 4 years
Mr A R Amer's b a h Bendigo 2 years
Mr Abdoola Shamlan's b a h Turn of Luck 14 3 4 years
Colonel P K L Beaver's g a h Bridge 3 years
Mr A S Galtrey's b a h Rochester 13 3 1-2 aged
Messrs A A Saif and J Antonie's g a h Purser 4 years

The Welter Plate—Distance 1-2 mile.
Vety Col Hazelton's b aus g Patrician 14 0 1-2
Captain Hickman's y aus m Saucebox 14 0 1-2
Captain Benn's ch aus m Estelle 14 0
Mr Weatherby br m Wembeey 14 1
Mr W Bass' b ch g Tam Ring 14 0 1-2
Mr Wass' b b aus m Stockball 11 1
Mr J Kurdochis Ma Ilda (by Wire)

Yerawda Stakes—Distance 1 Mile.
Mr Mil's bl e b Misty
Vety Col Hazeltons b nth am m Madeira
Major Edwards ch aus m Runaway Girl
Mr G O Bosses b aus g Dawn
Major Cleveland's br aus g Rissing Sun
Captain Bern's bl aus g Charcobl

SIXTH EXTRA MEETING.

Saturday, 22nd August,

HANDICAPS.

All Horse Handicap. 5 furlongs—Presbyterian 10 7, Millos 10 1, Beadsman 8 12, Kingston 8 11, Wedlock 8 4, Firecracker 8 3, Dioptrios 8 2, Spark 8 1, Carreswick 7 12, Fireup 7 8, Fanda 7 7, Viadory 7 6, Fitzeros 7 5, Blue Blood 6 12, Roscommon 6 0, Miss Winpsor 6 0. Tod weight not accepting weights to be raised 7lbs. Two top weights not accepting weights to be raised 10lbs.

New Lawn Handicap. 1 mile—Achilles 9 7, Hakum 8 0, Turkish Flag II 7 9, Fakir II 7 6, Wild Fox 7 3, Flying Fox 6 10.

All Pony Plate. 7 furlongs—Min 9 12, Comeback 9 1, Olga 8 5, Prids O'Dharantala 8 0, Wick 7 7, Malloe 6 13, Paddy Melon 6 11, Patrician 6 2, Pamfret 6 0. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 7lbs.

Lilliput Handicap. 5 furlongs—Oriental 9 12, Governor 9 5 Shah Jehan 9 1, Greyleg 8 8, Hermit 7 13, Chester 7 11, Bukhtawar 7 3, Kour Saheb 7 8, Minting King 7 2, Mosumma 6 13, Galib 6 11, Little Joker 6 9, Settler 6 6, Fratalgar 6 2, Avenger 6 0. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 5lbs.

Ganeshkhind Cup. 5 furlongs—Titus 21 12 0, Scaltershash 11 2, Huddal 11 0, Daimys 10 11, Money Spiner 10 10, Rocket Hamilton 10 2, Regret 10 0, Duldul 9 12, Malakite 9 9, Eshton 9 7 Porphyry 9 6, Solim 9 9. Top weight not accepting weights to be raised 7lbs.

The Futurity Stakes—Distance 5 furlongs
Mr R R S's ch a h Najaffi 13 3 1-2
Mr D S Mehta's cu a g Avenger 13 3
Colonel Anderson's g a h Surnan 13 2 1-2
Mr S A Waheed's b a h Salvation 13 3 3-4
Aga S Shah's b a h St Gation 13 3 3-4
Mr N Thoma's ch a h Deserter 13 3 3-4
Mr Artin A Essayie's b a h Bitther Joker 13 1 1-2
Mr F M Garda's br a h Kour Sahib 13 3
Mr Gocoldass and A Nanjee's g a h Flying childer s 14 0
Mr Mustapha Bin Talib's b a h Mint Master 13 3 1-4
Mr Fahad bin Faraj's b a h Neptune 13 3
Mr Faraj bin Sanad's ch a h Rex II 13 2 3-4
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Minting King 13 3
Mr A M Amer's b a h Supporter 13 3
Messrs E Amer and O Mahomed's b a h Greatorex 13 2 1-2
Messrs A Moshen and M Shamlan's ch a h Galib 13 2 3-4
Captain Honble C F Greville's g a h Scattercash 14 0
Messrs A A Self and G H S Mahomeds's g a h Moorced 13 3

The Small Arab Handicap—Distance 1 Mile.
Colonel Ecell b a h Rocket 14 0
Mr S A Wahed's g a h Skylark 13 3 1
Aga S Shah's g a h Achilles 13 3 1-4
Agr S Shah's b a h Arabeston 13 3 1-2
Aga S Shah's b a h Oriental 13 2 1-2
Mr B D Jewel b a h Shaibol 13 2
Messrs M Goculdass and A Nanjee's g a h Wild Fox 13 3 1-2
Mr M Ali's ch a h The Kobber 13 3
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Moon 13 3 3-4
Mr C F Cooper b a h Duldul 13 2 1-2
Captain Benn's g a h Regret 13 3 -1-2

The Stick Stakes—Distance 1 1-4 miles over 6 flights.
Vety Col Hazelton's b aus g Patrician 14 0 1-2
Colonel Eccles aus g Pompret 14 1
Mr Percy Fischer's g aus g Good Boy 14 0 3-4
H H The Kour Sahib of Patiala's br aus m Malice 14 1 1-7
H H Aga Khan and Aga b Shah's ch aus g Fonny 14 0
Captain Dunbar's g a h Victory 14 0
Mr A W P ob aus Free Trade 14 2
Mr R J Hunter's br aus m Bergi 14 0 1-2
Dr Spooner Hart's br aus g Goodchap 13 3 3-4

YOUNG LADIES' SLEEPING-CAR ADVENTURE.

Strange things happen in America. The "Telegraph's" correspondent says that two young girls, well known in Minneapolis society, clad only in the filmiest laces and lingerie, held a long and piteous conversation through the door of the dressing-room of a sleeping-car, with the conductor of a flying express train the other morning.

It appears that the two young women, who were going to Omaha, occupied a section in one of the sleeping-cars on the Minneapolis and St. Louis express train. They arose early to perform their morning ablutions, but, finding the dressing-room of their own car locked, had slipped into the sleeper ahead. While there the train ran into Fort Dodge, and the sleeper they were in was slipped from the first train and attached to the Illinois Central train, which started off. The girls had taken no note of this change. When they came from the room their car was miles away. The two frantic prisoners finally prevailed upon the conductor to run the train back, so that they might board again the Omaha sleeper, which contained the remainder of their wardrobe.

MEDALS FOR HORSES—AND MEN.

The following letter was addressed to the "Westminster Gazette" :—

Dear Sir,—I notice that a horse of the Royal Horse Artillery has been awarded and decorated with a medal for its services in South Africa. I shall be relieved to hear when they commence serving out medals to the mules, as after that event has taken place there may be a chance for mere men who like myself, served for many months and have been applying in vain for over a year for our medals.—Yours faithfully, A. E. Eliot (late Kitchener's Horse).

141, Ebury-street, S. W., July 21.

RAILWAY RETURNS.

G. I. P. RAILWAY.

The following is the comparative statement of Traffic Earnings for the week ending 8th August 1903.

	Coaching Traffic.	Goods Traffic.	Sundry Receipts.	Total for the week.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Approximate earnings for week ending 8th Aug. 1903—G I P R system	1,67,610	2,73,073	2,396	4,43,079
I M R do	43,542	61,761	314	1,05,617
Total	2 11,152	3,34,834	2,710	5,48,696
Actuals for corresponding week ending 9th Aug. 1902—G I P R system	1,52,940	2,69,159	3,268	4,25,367
I M R do	37,246	80,543	1,098	1,18,887
Total	1,90,186	3,49,702	4,366	5,44,254
Increase or Decrease G I P R	+ 14,670	+ 3,914	— 872	+ 17,712
Increase or Decrease I M R	+ 6,296	— 18,782	+ 784	+ 13,?70

B. B. & C. I. RAILWAY.

Approximate return of traffic for week ended 18 August, 1903, on 461 miles open.

	Coaching Traffic Receipts.	Merchandise and Mineral Traffic Receipts.	Other Earnings (Estimated.)	Total Earnings.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Total Traffic for the week	88,000	75,000	4,000	1,67,000
Or per mile of Railway	191	163	8	362
For previous 4 weeks of half-year	3,37,000	4,90,000	15,000	8,42,000
Total for 5 weeks	4,25,000	5,65,000	19,000	10,09,000
Comparison. Total for corresponding week of previous year	1,06,982	1,17,861	5,698	2,30,544
Per mile of Ry. do.	232	256	12	500
Total to corresponding date do.	4,72,376	6,16,288	16,032	11,04,690

Decrease for the week...... Rs. 63,544

Decrease to date...... „ 95,690

AN ECHO OF THE KISHINEFF MASSACRE.

DETECTIVE'S REMARKABLE STORY.

A RUSSIAN newspaper recently announced the discovery of the murderer of the young peasant Michael Rybalenko, who was alleged to have been murdered by Jews for ritual purposes. This death of Rybalenko was one of the causes of the anti-Jewish outbreak at Kishineff, and excited against the Jews the Orthodox population of the district of Dubossary and of the whole of Southern Russia.

Reuter gives an account of the manner in which the alleged real perpetrator of the crime, an uncle of the victim, was discovered. One of the best-known agents of the secret police, named Matveieff, was despatched by his chiefs to Dubossary, and, as he knew the Jewish jargon spoken there, disguised himself as a Jew, went about among the people, and made a minute inquiry with the result of establishing the fact that they were not implicated in the murder. Matvieff next disguised himself as a Russian peasant, and began to frequent the public-houses. In one of these he made the acquaintance of a certain Antoine Tischenko, who was employed at a market garden near to the one in which the body of Rybalenko had been discovered. Conversations with this man soon convinced the detective that he must have been an accomplice in the crime, and that the deed must have been perpetrated by a person named Timostchuk, an uncle of the victim, who had fallen on evil days, and probably desired the death of the youth in order to bring into the family the inheritance already spoken of. The detective thereupon made the acquaintance of Timostchuk, and began to pay court to his eldest daughter. After plying him with drink one day, he began talking to him and Tischenko, and tried to nettle them by remarking that the inhabitants of Dubossary were a pack of fools for not having taken advantage of the death of Michael Rybalenko to organise an onset against the Jews, and to become rich at their expense, as was done at Kishineff. Tischenko explained that this was impossible, as they had to keep quiet, being themselves the authors of the crime.

He then related the details of the murder. He said that after securing his assistance, assuring him that he had nothing to fear, as suspicion would fall on the Jews as desirous of procuring the blood of a young Christian for their Passover festival, Timostchuk enticed his nephew to his house, made him intoxicated with brandy, and then knocked him down with a heavy article, with which he struck his victim's head. He then made several incisions in the lad's throat in order to make it appear that a Jewish ritual murder had been committed. The body was then hidden in a cellar for two days, when it was thrown into a neighbouring garden, on the banks of the Dniester, where it was eventually discovered.

On the strength of this secret confession, Matveieff at once informed the legal authorities, who ordered the arrest of Timostchuk and Tischenko. The two men are at present in prison at Odessa.

MAN'S DOUBLE LIFE.

BROUGHT UP TWO FAMILIES FOR SIX YEARS.

A REMARKABLE case of bigamy was revealed at the South-Western Police Court on July 25.

William T. Harvey, a builder's foreman, was first married in 1875 at St. James' Church, Shoreditch.

He took to himself another wife in 1897 at the Wandsworth Registry Office, representing himself to be a widower.

The extraordinary feature of the story is that for the past six years Harvey is said to have been able to live with both women alternately without the one discovering or even suspecting the existence of the other.

He maintained two homes, and had two families.

This deception was successfully accomplished until a few days since, when a letter addressed to Harvey by his second wife fell by accident into the hand of the first, the latter having up to then having no occasion to doubt her husband's fidelity.

She asked him what explanation he had to offer for receiving a letter from a woman describing herself your loving wife.

He then admitted the existence of the second wife, and acting on the advice of friends surrendered himself to the police.

This has been a great weight on my mind, and nearly drove me mad, he said to a detective, also remarking that he had contemplated suicide.

Harvey, who is forty-nine years old and gave his address as Waldo-street, Fulham, was remanded.

"TEMPERAMENT IN POLITICS."

The summer number of "T. P.'s Weekly" is full of good things. In an article on "Temperament in Politics, "T. P." says :—When you come to know the men who are the rulers of the nation, you can divide them into three great classes. There are some who attain to lofty positions in spite of themselves by the sheer force of circumstance, by lucky accident, sometimes even by that nullity of character which makes the "dark horse" of politics take the place of the brilliant but aggressive rival. This is the largest class of successful politicians. You can at once see this by trying to remember more than two or three out of the fourteen to twenty men who have formed entire Cabinets in our own time. The second class are intellectual men who have got to their position by sheer force of ability and almost in spite of themselves. This class is smaller than the other, and, it has one great difference from the third class. The third class consists of men who have great talents, but greater will; whose purpose is steady whose ambition is always fresh, healthy, and insatiate. It is in these respects that they differ from the men of intellect. If you know intimately the most intellectual men of a Ministry or of any party you often find that they are no happier than the majority of obscure mankind; sometimes they are even unhappier. Many a time I have heard the apparent darling of fortune whose name rang on everybody's lips ask wearily whether it was worth it all.

PRE-GLACIAL ARTISTS.

MR. AUBERON HERBERT, best known to most as the author of delightful individualist letters in the "Times" and elsewhere, appeared in a different role a the Langham Hotel the other day, when he discoursed most fascinatingly before a number of invited guests upon the discoveries which he has made among the flints and stones picked up in the gravel-pits of his beloved Hampshire and elsewhere.

Mr. Herbert's theory is that the men of the pre-glacial period were much more artistic than we commonly think them and that in numberless instances the stones and flints which are turned up to-day bear traces, when intelligently examined of having been shaped or chipped or scratched with deliberate intent to stimulate human and other forms.

True, it required in many cases the eye of faith to detect the resemblances which Mr. Herbert pointed out in his enthusiastic way in what appeared to the average observer to be quite ordinary irregular bits of flint. Still, now and again the thing seemed aclearer, while some of the similar specimens exhibited by another worker in the same field, Mr. W. M. Newton, being much larger and more pronounced in shape, could leave no manner of doubt in the most sceptical minds as to their purely human origin.

FRICTION IN TONGA.

BRITISH CONSUL SLIGHTED.

THE Tonga correspondent of the "Auckland Star" writes :—"The rumor of the annexation of Tonga is unfounded, and all here sincerely hope that our peaceable natives will be left alone. The merchants of the group are perfectly satisfied with the administration of the existing Government. On 3rd June, the British flag was hoisted at the Tongan flagstaff, and was saluted with 21 guns as an apology to Mr. Hunter, the British consul and agent, who accused the Government of treating him in an insulting manner on the occasion of the Pylades' visit, when Sir H. M. Jackson was not allowed to land, in consequence of measles in Fiji. It appears that Mr. Hunter demanded immediate access to the King in order to protest against the refusal of pratique to the vessel, and was stopped by a sentry. He regarded this as an insult, and complained to the High Commissioner, who asked the King to salute the British flag as an apology. The nobles and chiefs are grieved at the construction put upon what they regard as a trivial occurrence. Private information, however, indicates that affairs at Tonga are not as peaceful as represented."

HERE, THERE, AND EVERYWHERE.

WALLACE's contributions to the "Saturday Review"—At Westminster, they were entitled—in 1895, were as characteristic of the man as anything he ever wrote. In his valedictory article he racily confesses:—The difficulty I feel is the continued presenting of a democratic improvisatore to a Conservative audience. There is a trifle of the impudent about the situation, and one does not like to be that. After asserting that 'Labbyism' is a poor and wretched business, appealing only to popular ignorance and meanness of impulse, he, a Radical of the Radicals, avows, with courage and prescience, it will be admitted, that modern Parliamentary Radicalism is afraid to face its own music. Right or wrong, there are vast conceptions in present-day Democracy that might well give origin to high and splendid debate and action, but the so-called Democratic section of the House, or even of the so-called Liberal party, when brought to book, or other test, bookish or practical, dwindles away Down to nothing, or some contemptible make-believe, which is worse than nothing.

The eccentricities of Lord George Bentinck at Goodwood were not a few (says the "Morning Advertiser"), but one of the most notable—and most strange also, considering that he was beyond all question a high-minded man—was his propensity to associate publicly with men of worthless character. It was not so much that he did this from choice as that he did it with the object of showing people that he was as indifferent as he could be to criticism. Even at Goodwood he manifested this peculiarity, and in the presence of half the aristocracy of the kingdom he would work about the lawn and in front of the grand stand arm-in-arm with an adventurer of particularly shady reputation named Johnny O'Brien, who was well known to be the unworthy son of an honest washerwoman.

Mount Edgcumbe where the Prince and Princess of Wales have just been paying a visit to Lord Mount Edgcumbe, is no stranger to Royal guests. It is doubtful, indeed, if any other country house can boast of having afforded hospitality to so many visitors of sovereign or sub-sovereign rank, says "Chic." Queen Victoria was there twice, the last occasion being in 1846. The Prince Consort, the Prince of Wales, and Princess Alice, were with her, and an old copy of a local paper records the fact that she attended church wearing a sweetly simple costume consisting of a purple silk gown having a lilac silk apron fringed with gold, and a white straw bonnet trimmed with pea-green ribbons and pink roses. The sweetly simple gown of nearly sixty years ago sounds a bit flamboyant to-day. Other English sovereigns who stayed at Mount Edgcumbe were Charles I., George III. and Queen Caroline, and William IV., and Queen Adelaide. The late Emperor and Empress Frederick, Napoleon III., the Emperor of Austria, and the King of Sweden were also visitors.

Miss Topsy Sinden, whose graceful and agile dancing in A Country Girl has won such well-deserved praise, has acted and danced from the time she was a mere child. East-end audiences appeal to her (says the "Lady's Magazine"), and that she appeals to them is illustrated by a little episode which happened since she has been at Daly's. The audiences at Hoxton—especially in good old Mrs. Sara Lane's time—were always demonstrative in their approval or disapproval, as the case might be, and were fond of throwing proofs of their opinion (not always flowers!) on the stage. When Miss Sinden first went to Daly's some of her loyal gallery boys went to see her performance, and waited for her outside the stage-door with their bunches of violets and daffodils, with the shy request; Oh, Miss Sinden will you please take these flowers?

July is described as the silent month; and, indeed the chorus of thrush and blackbird has fallen all to pieces. You can now walk among the shrubberies in early morning without that buoyant feeling that you are taken part in the full choral service of Nature. Throughout the sunlit day, too, the skylark orchestra is now so thin and fitful that you actually notice when a skylark is singing. Last month the whole sky vibrated with song, and you walked under it unconcerned. But the two greatest gaps in late summer's programme of music are caused by the departure of the cuckoo for foreign parts and the silence the of nightingale. Not that the nightingale is actually silent. From his point of view (says "The Garden") he probably has more to say, and says it oftener in july than in May.

To the hand of Lord Denbigh has fallen the honour of having captured what is probably the first trout ever caught in London. "I caught it yesterday Evening (Wednesday) in the lake in Buckingham Palace gardens (he writes to the "Field") on a plain medium black hackle fly, and rose two others. The fish is one of those—about four hundred—put into the lake last January, and the average length of them was 10in. and age two and a half years. This particular fish does not appear to have grown much, but the interesting thing is its excellent condition. Its weight when taken from the water was 9-1-2 ounces. It was very plum and well-shaped, and quite silvery when caught, with the red band along the side showing very faitly. It was quite a lively fish, running out line and throwing itself out of water when hooked."

No district of Old London exercises a fascination over our Transatlantic visitors equal to that of the Inner and Middle Temples, and the interest of Americans, as of all strangers, centres chiefly in the Temple Church, which is again to undergo renovation in the near future. Built by the Knights Templars, the church was consecrated in 1185 by Heraclius, Patriarch of Jerusalem, in the presence of King Henry II. The two societies of the Inner and Middle Temple have had many differences, but these have never been allowed to interfere with their veneration for the ancient building, which they jointly inheritted from the Knights Templars, and bound themseves, under a patent of James I., to maintain and support. The present porch of the church is a survival of the ancient cloisters, and to this the magnificent Norman arch owes its preservation from the elements. Upon its roof once rested a house of three stories, and the northern arch was also blocked up by an adjoining building. The choir was at one time divided between the two societies, the south side being assigned to the Inner Temple and the north to the Middle. The historic church has been renewed at various intervals during the last two hundred odd years, not the least important being that commenced in 1682 under the superintendence of Sir Christopher Wren. In 1811 the church underwent a general repair; in 1825 the entire south side and the lower portion of the Round was restored; and in 1840 the conical roof was added to the tower.

A good story of Whistler and his peculiarities is told in the "Free Lance." A gentleman went to Whistler with a letter of introduction, and sent up his card with the letter. The servant presently brought down the card with a note in pencil on it, 'Who is the greatest painter?' The visitor promptly wrote, "Whister," and was immediately shown upstairs. An amusing scene followed, arising out of the fact that the visitor was wearing a red necktie. "Whistler" delared it interfered with the colour-scheme of his room, and put him off a picture he was painting in quite a different key. Finally he obliged him to take off the offending cravat before he would condescend to exchange another word with him.

"Nothing can be more absurd than to give to Mr. Pitt the credit of the new measure for the defence of the country. (So wrote the "Times" on July 23, 1803). We can state upon our own knowledge that a plan of this kind was given in to Government soon after His Majesty's message of the 8th of March, by a gentleman particularly conversant in matters of this nature and indeed the measure was so obvious that we dare believe this was not the only one which was submitted to Ministers. It could not, for obvious reasons, be than adopted it would have manifestly interfered with other plans and at least equally important. Nor was the spirit of the country at that time raised to such a pitch as to render the reception of such a measure probable had it been proposed. The temper of the people must go along with Government, or rather should in some measure anticipate it or all its plans must be nugatory; and we believe there are few of our readers who will not see. that if such a plan had been proposed as that of compelling every man in the kingdom to bear arms before war had been declared and the projects of the enemy announced to the public that it must have occasioned much discontent and met with great opposition throughout the country.

ROWLAND'S KALYDOR is a most delightfully cooling, soothing, healing, refreshing, and emollient milk for the skin. It removes freckles, tan, sunburns, soothes and heals stings of insects; cures prickly heat, &c., and produces a beautifully clear and healthy complexion. It is free from any poisonous ingredients. Ask any dealer in perfumery for ROWLAND'S KALYDOR, of 67, Hatton Garden, London.

M. A. P. IN THE BOUDOIR.

LONDON (writes "A Society Butterfly") in M. A. P. has been called a stony-hearted step-mother, but to my thinking, she is the most generous of parents she affords her children so many pleasures and interests above and beyond balls, dinners, parties, and the Opera. And this year has been specially rich in exhibitions; we have seen the choicest productions of modern art and the best treasures of bygone ages. A happy hour can be passed at the School of Art Needlework, sampling the show of old and new embroideries. The study of colour is a pleasant, pursuit and a suggestive one for the artist in dress. There were on view several scraps of embroidery worked when the world was young, and wet with patterns and colours that might have been produced a century ago. Weird antiquity has a fascination of its own, and the fragments of a garment of Amenhetep II, King of Egypt, magnetised one's mind by their associations. This specimen is said to be the oldest piece of embroidery in the world, and dates from B.C. 1400. It is on ivory-coloured, rather thick, cotton muslin, and all done by hand—the worker probably a woman. (How one thinks of the long-time dead fingers; and did she sewher thoughts into the pattern as we do now?)

The colours used were chiefly red, blue, and yellow; and after three thousand years are still quite bright and distinct. The fleur-de-lys has been recognised as an old design, but we hardly gave it credit for such immemorial antiquity. However, here it is, a quaint reminder of our modern hackneyed Prince of Wales's feathers. And the little pictures of animals are marvellous in their correct form and outline. Such a familiar green frog, and a homely, flat-footed blue and brown duck! And I loved the likeness of a well shaped blue and white bowl—strangely akin to the blue and white china we were taught to live up to in the eighties. Then, the bit of fringe from Amenhetep's robe, bright red and blue, and looking still so weirdly new and fresh—that bewitched me completely. Another piece of antique embroidery taken from a mummy was on brown linen, worked in pale blue—our Cambridge blue—and wine-colour, a sort of modified magenta. This specimen showed an open-work border, exactly similar to the modern drawn-work, and the tints remain wonderfully fresh and vivid.

The Nearer East affords many political puzzles, and certainly produces beautiful embroideries, Armenians, are most successful; their work is fine and true, and the colours delicate and prefectly blended. Some blue embroideries attracted me, and I was told that they were very uncommon, as these simple workers rarely embroidered in shades of blue. How strange it all is Nature avoids blue—not many birds and insects are of this colour, and there are only a few blue flowers. And all good and original artificers seem to follow in her footsteps. Experts declare that it is a difficult matter to find a genuine Persian carpet that has a blue centre; and the best tapestries have more of rose, green, and yellow than of blue in their composition. And yet mystics have decided that blue is a lucky colour. Did the ancients consider it too sacred to use in abundance. But we must not pursue this fascinating by-way. Compared with ancient Egypt, the dates of these other embroideries are frivolously modern.

There was a Turkish prayer-mat with a splendid orange centre, worth £190 which dated from the seventeenth century, and near at hand appeared another prayer-mat, still more elaborate, priced at £230. A Mongolian mat, for household use, was executed in tent stitch, a marvel of industry, worked in the earliest years of the seventeenth century. A student of colour an colour combinations would find these samples of needlework a liberal eduction; and a pupil of the past, with intelectual sympathy, will feel a thrilling interest in the pitiful—and alas! crumbling—relics of deal and gone Egyptian civilsation.

King Edward and Queen Alexandra are now in Ireland, and London season of 1903 has at last ended. The Liverpool Cup was the racing event of the week. Weather mild and showery.

Princess Henry of Battenberg has left London. This Royal lady's life-history is known to all, but not many of us realise the important part that she played during the life time of Queen Victoria. Up to the hour of the late Queen's death Princess Beatrice—as she is still often called—was her mother's inseparable companion, and the tender care and thoughtfulness shown by the young to the aged woman afforded a pretty picture of English domestic life at its best. In those days the Princess went but little into Society, and, with the exception of a stay with the Duke and Duchess of Buccleuch at Dolkeit Palace, rarely, or never, paid a country house visit. Her life, both as girl and married woman, was taken up by the routine of Court, and by a long-continued course of fetes bazaars flower-shows, and attendance at public functions. Now all is changed. The Princess dines out, pays visits, resides chiefly in London. Princess Beatrice is highly accomplished. She is a good artist painting well both in oils and water-colours; is a first-rate linguist, and an extremely well-read woman. Her greatest talent may be said to lie in the direction of music. She plays the most difficult harmonies at slight, is a brilliant pianiste, and a quite excellent accompanist; indeed her mode of rendering accompaniments has received praise from even such a high authority as Mme. Blanche Marchesi. Princess Beatrice benefitted largely under the will of the late Sovereign, and owns many precious possessions. Her jewels—especially her pearls—are very fine, and her collection of old lace is one of the most valuable in the world. The Princess has a cottage, in the grounds of Osborne, in the Isle of Wight, bequeathed to her by the late Queen Victoria. Next year, her daughter, Princess Ena, will probably make her appearance in the Court circle.

Lord and Lady Fitzwilliam have left London. She was Lady Maud Dundas, younger daughter of Lord and Lady Zetland, and her marriage took place in 1896, when her husband was Lord Milton, grandson and heir to the late Lord Fitzwilliam. The young couple were much in love, and some amusement was created by the bride notifying her wish to be addressed as Lady Milton, tout court, instead of emphasising her higher rank as a marquis's daughter by the appelation of Lady Maud Milton. The bicycling craze was then at its height, bride and bridegroom were ardent cyclists, and a much-discussed wedding-gift appeared in the form of a bicycle "made for two." Lady Fitzwilliam is a pretty woman, of medium height with small features, and an air of great refinement. During her early married life she went little into Society, and lived a retired life in the country. But riches and succession to a vast inheritance made it necessary that she should come out of seclusion, and she is now one of the most brilliant woman in the smart set. A good actress and a spirited dancer, she made a sensation in the performance of A Pantomime Rehearsal at a country house, wearing a dancing frock of leaf-green accordion-pleated chiffon, green stocking, golden shoes, and a tiera and necklace of diamonds. Her yellow baroache, with its high steppers and powdered knee-breeched servants, creates a sensation even in Piccadily and Hide Park. Lady Fitzwilliam has two little girls, aged three and five.

Sir Algernon Heneage has returned to town. He was born in 1834, has spent his life at sea, answers to the nickname of (Pompo,) and is one of the most popular men in London. He must once have been noticiably handsome, and even now is good to look at with his bright eyes, curly hair, well-set-up figure, and ultra smart appearance. He has always been a noted dresser, and the story goes that he used to send his shirts and handkerchief to his London laundress, no matter in what part of the globe his ship might be stationed. But in spite of social successes Sir Algernon Heneage has made for himself a ditinguished career. He entered the Navy in 1846; as a mere boy served in the oporations in Burmah, later on in Baltic and Crimea, and since that time has held many important commands. He belongs by birth and marriage to the upper ten; his sister is Louisa, Lady Essex and he is related to Lord Heneage, the present head of one of the oldest families in Lincolnshire. He continues to be a noted diner-out, and is in great request among London hostesses.

Lady Mary Bevan has had a son. She is elder daughter of Lord and Lady Waldegrave, and in 1900 married the reverend Richard Aubrey Bevan, rector of Horstpierpoint. Lady Mary is a pleasant, kindly woman, typically English, devoted to country life, her home and her family. Her girlish days were spent in the depths of Somersetshire, at her father's place, Chewton Priory, near Bath. It will be remembered that Lord Waldegrave is a noted rifly-shot, and one of the greatest authorities on the sport in the three Kingdoms. He is also something of a courtier, has been a Lord-in-waiting, and is now Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard.

BUCHAREST suffers under a strike of vegetable sellers, who, having monopolised the supply of the Roumanian capital, are preventing a farthing's worth of vegetables being sold in the streets because the cost of their licenses has been increased.

SKIN AND BLOOD PURIFICATION

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent

Cleanse the Skin, Scalp and Blood

Of Torturing, Disfiguring Humours with Loss of Hair

WHEN ALL ELSE FAILS

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Thousands of tired, fretted mothers, of skin-tortured and disfigured babies, of all ages and conditions, have certified to almost miraculous cures by the Cuticura remedies when the best medical skill had failed to relieve, much less cure.

Cuticura Treatment is local and constitutional—complete and perfect, pure, sweet and wholesome. Bathe the affected surfaces with Cuticura Soap and hot water to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales and soften the thickened cuticle, dry without hard rubbing, and apply Cuticura Ointment freely to allay itching, irritation and inflammation, and soothe and heal, and lastly take Cuticura Resolvent to cool and cleanse the blood, and put every function in a state of healthy activity.

More great cures of simple, scrofulous and hereditary humours are daily made by Cuticura remedies than by all other blood and skin remedies combined, a single set being often sufficient to cure the most distressing cases when all else fails.

Cuticura Resolvent, liquid and in the form of Chocolate Coated Pills, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Soap are sold throughout the world. Depots: London, 27 Charterhouse Sq.; Paris, 5 Rue de la Paix; Australia, R. Towns & Co., Sydney; Boston, 137 Columbus Ave. Potter Drug & Chemical Corp., Sole Proprietors.

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THE MORAL.

"I need not be missed if another succeed me;
To reap down those fields which in spring I have sown.
He who ploughed and who sowed is not missed by the reaper.
He is only remembered by what he has done."

The misery of Life is immensely increased in these days of Fevers, if you miss such a single precaution as Batliwalla's Ague-Mixture and Pills.

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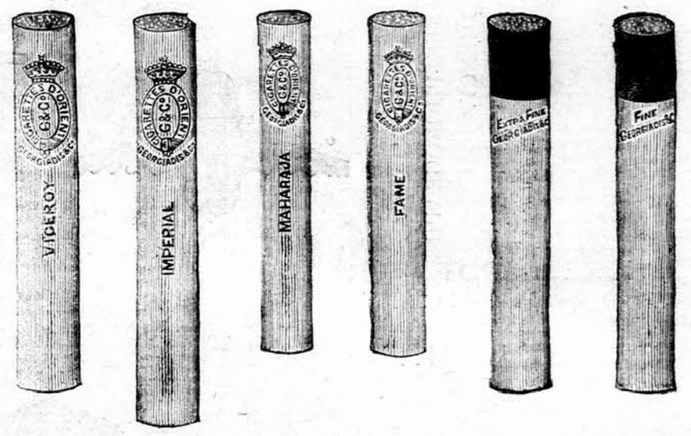
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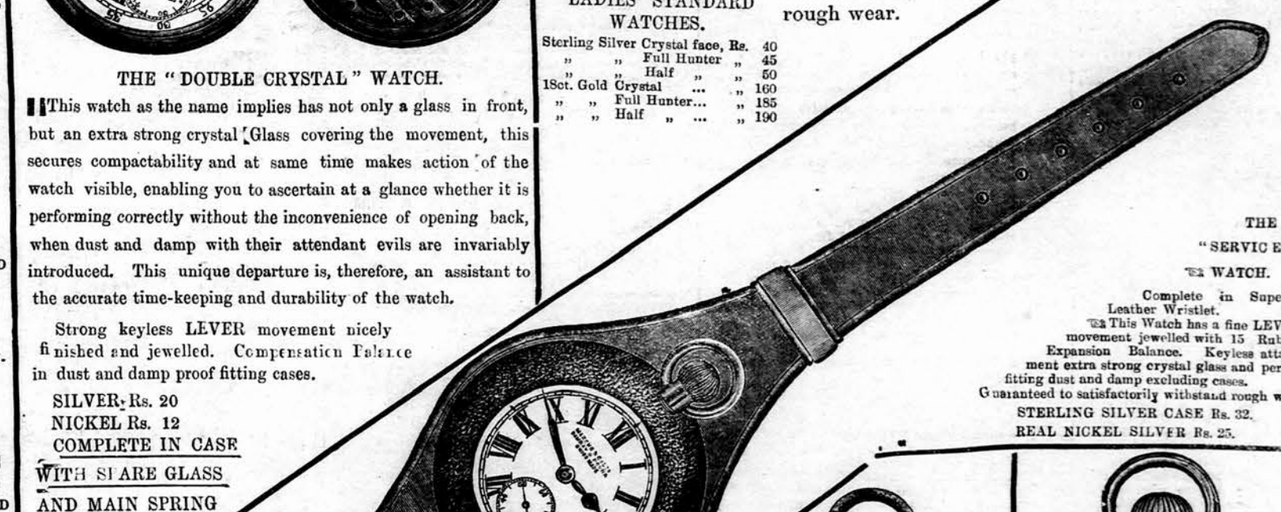
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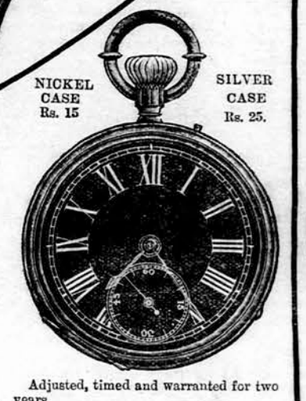
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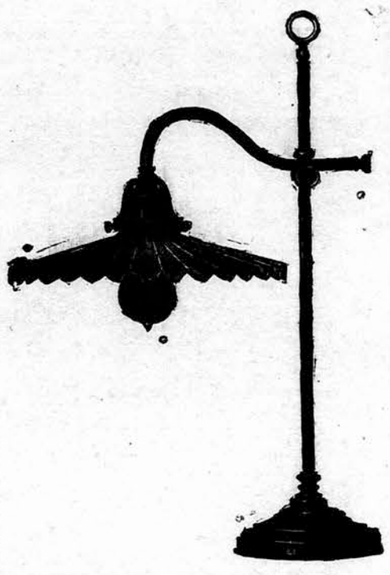
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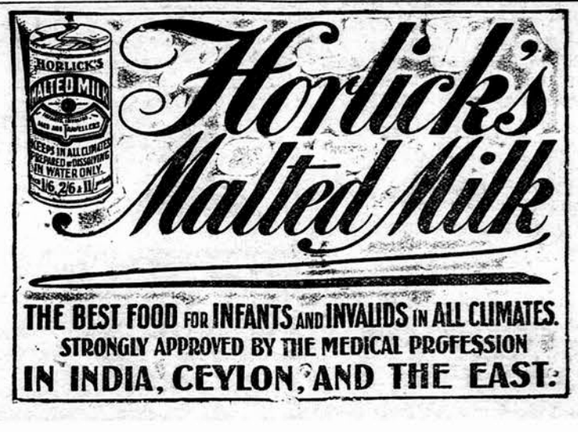
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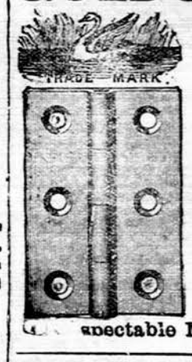


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